Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1869. NUMBER 173.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

The Mississippi Election—Judge Dent Will Not Decline—Correspondence Concerning the French Cable—Appointments—Revenue Decision—Brokers' Tax in New York.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 30, 1869.

UNFOUNDED STATEMENT.

The recent statement that Commissioner Delano had recently given orders to stop the distillation of spirits in New York until further orders, is pronounced untrue at the Revenue Bureau. It is believed the recent activity of officers in New York in ferreting out frauds led the offenders against the law to make the report.

THE MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

Nothing has occurred to show that the President will interfere in the coming election in Mississippi; but he has expressed his determination that there shall be a fair one. The District commander will accordingly appoint in each county of the State a Board of Registers, composed of one Radical on each, a Republican, and one army officer.

A gentleman just from Mississippi, represents that the National or Conservative Republicans, similar to the Walker party in Virginia, are making accessions from the extreme Radical wing.

Rev. James Lynch, a colored minister from Mississippi, as he says, had a most cordial interview with President Grant this afternoon, in which he assured the President that the colored people of the State were rapidly improving in all that constitutes useful citizens; that they look to the Republican party as the fountain and bulwark of their recently conferred rights, and therefore they would sustain it, and that all classes in Mississippi responded heartily to his famous words, "let us have peace." President Grant expressed his gratification in learning that the colored people were improving, and said they should vote from the promptings of good judgment. He intimated a great desire to have the Fifteenth Amendment ratified.

JUDGE DENT DOES NOT DECLINE.

The following correspondence took place to-day:

Washington, July 30, 1869.—Hon. Lewis Dent—Dear Sir: Having seen certain dispatches to the New York press, renewing the report that you would decline the candidacy for Governor of Mississippi on the National Union Republican ticket, we desire to know whether you adhere to your previously expressed determination on that subject. For the purpose of putting this matter finally at rest, we trust you will favor us with an early response.

Very respectfully,
E. J. JEFFERDS.
GEO. MOOREMAN.

Washington, July 30, 1869.—GENTLEMEN: In reply to your communication, I beg leave to say that while I cannot decline what has not been formally proffered me, you are at liberty to say to the National Union Republican party, and the people of Mississippi generally, that in the event of my nomination I shall certainly accept it. I have never authorized any person to say I would decline a nomination, if tendered me by the National Union Republican party of Mississippi, and again assure you my purpose to that end remains fixed and unalterable. I desire the restoration of the State, with constitutitution and laws that will effectually secure the civil and political rights of all persons.

Very respectfully, &c.,
LOUIS DENT.

THE FRENCH CABLE—CORRESPONDENCE.

The following correspondence has just been made public:

Washington, July 16th, 1869.—Sir: I have the honor to address you on behalf of the *Societe du Cable trans-Atlantique Francais*, whose interests I represent in the United States. Having been informed, in the first instance by Mr. Thornton, H. B. Majesty's Minister, and afterwards by Count de Flourney, the French Charge d'Affairs, of the views of the United States Government as to its authority and duty regarding the proposed undertaking, I have lost no time in coming to Washington in order to confer with you upon the subject, and as the result of the interview which I had the honor of having with you this morning, in company with Count de Flourney, I beg to assure you that the French Cable Company agree to accept, as the basis upon which their operations are to be conducted, the provisions of the bill of which a copy was enclosed in your letter to Count de Flourney, or of such other enactment as may be passed during the approaching session of Congress, with a view to regulating the operation of telegraphic cable companies connecting the United States with foreign countries. The *Societe du Cable trans-Atlantique Francais* will, moreover, do their utmost to induce the government of His Majesty, the Emperor of the French, so far to modify the concession under which the company has been established as to permit the landing upon French soil of any cable belonging to any company incorporated by authority of the United States, or of any State in the Union. And they further agree on their own part not to oppose the establishment of any such cable belonging to any company incorporated by the authority of the United States or any State in the Union.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

[Signed] L. G. WATSON.

To Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State.

The Assistant Secretary of State replied as follows:

Department of State, Washington, July 23, 1869—Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of July 16th to the Secretary of State, assuring him that the *Societe du Cable Trans-Atlantique Francais*, which you represent, accept, as the basis on which their operations are to be conducted, the provisions of the bill which passed the Senate of the United States last winter, or of such other enactment as may be passed during the approaching session of Congress on connecting the United States with foreign countries, and further informing him that the *Societe* would do their utmost to induce the Government of His Majesty, the Emperor of the French, so to modify the concessions under which the Company is established as to permit the laying upon French soil of any cable belonging to any company incorporated by the authority of the United States, or authority of any state in the Union, and agreeing on the part of the *Societe* that they will not oppose the establishment of any such cable. In reply I have to say, in accordance with the verbal assurances already given you by the Secretary of State, that having received such representations and assurances from you, no opposition will be made on the part of the Government of the United States to the landing and working of the cable before the meeting of Congress in the approaching session.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant.

[Signed.] J. C. B. DAVIS,
Acting Secretary.

To L. G. Watson, Esq., Agent of the Societe du Cable trans-Atlantique Francais.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed P. R. Gray Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twentieth District of Pennsylvania.

The following Consular appointments were made to-day: William Spence Vermain, of New York, Consul at Ling Kiang; Edward O. Getty, of New York, at Gaspe Basin; Jacob J. Gamper, of Pennsylvania, at Ghent; and James M. Peebles, of Michigan, at Tresibond.

The President has appointed Gilbert Robertson, Jr. Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Fifteenth District, vice Philip H. Nehr, suspended; Pulver Heath, Assessor for the Eighteenth District, vice Alfred H. Palmer, suspended, and John S. Masters, Collector of the Fifteenth District, of New York, vice James Forsyth, suspended. There were no charges against the suspended gentlemen, but it was thought a change would be promotive of public interests.

Thomas L. Tullock, a clerk in the Treasury Department, was to-day appointed by the President Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Columbia, in place of Mr. Flint, deceased.

REVENUE DECISION

Alexander Fulton, Supervisor of Internal Revenue at Baltimore, writes to the Internal Revenue Bureau, stating that parties in his district are engaged in purchasing from packers and dealers bulk meats or bacon and pork, which are merely packed in salt, but not smoked, also rendered lard in a crude state; that they have taken the bacon or pork from the original packages, smoked it and repacked it, some with their own trade mark and some without it, in which condition it is sold, and some of the pork, after smoking, they sell without packing,—and the Supervisor wants to know whether such parties are liable to tax under section 4 of the act of March 31st, 1868.

The Commissioner decides such parties are engaged in the preparation of lard and bacon for sale, and they put up these articles for sale in packages with their own names and trade marks on them, and are therefore liable to the tax imposed by the section to which reference is made.

TAX ON BROKERS.

Commissioner Delano to-day received a telegram from J. F. Bailey, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Thirty-second District of New York, stating that all assessments against bankers and brokers, as a tax upon the capital employed by them in their business, had been collected except twenty out of two hundred and eighty, and these twenty do not exceed ten dollars each in amount.

RETURNED TO LONG BRANCH.

President Grant, accompanied by Gen. Porter, left Washington to-night on his return to Long Branch.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were over one million dollars.

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Particulars of the Steamboat Riot—Six Men Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 30.—The following are the particulars of the bloody riot which occurred on board the steamer Dubuque, on the Mississippi river. One hundred and fifty raftsmen came aboard the boat at Davenport, and the clerk ordered two negro deckhands to stand guard at the gangway, and not let any one pass without his permission. One of the raftsmen tried to pass this guard and make his way to the cabin, when the deckhands ordered him back until his ticket was examined by the clerk. He not liking this, commenced to pitch into the deckhands, who got the best of him, when the raftsmen, to the number of over one hundred, came to the rescue, stabbing and beating the two deckhands till about dead, then throwing them into the rver. They then made an assault on the rest of the deck crew, succeeding in killing three more of them and throwing their bodies into the river. One of the raftsmen was also killed, making six killed in all. As soon as Hampton, Mo., was reached, Captain Rhodes landed the boat, when the raftsmen drove the deck crew ashore, injuring several of them with stones. As soon as this was over they went aboard the boat and ordered the Captain to proceed up the river or they would burn his boat. He being in their power, and fearing they would carry their threat into execution, headed the boat up stream and in the meantime telegraphed to the Sheriff of Rock Island, who chartered an extra train and left with a large force of men well armed. They overtook the boat at Clinton and took possession of her and started for Rock Island. On their arrival at Rock Island there were over 5,000 people on the bank, together with the crew who were driven off the boat, and with their assistance they succeeded in recognizing forty-two of the men, who were taken to jail under a strong guard. A large police force is posted about the jail, and no further trouble is expected. Rock Island is full of raftsmen, who came ashore, but an extra force of policemen has been stationed about the city, and it is thought that all will be quiet for the night.

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Latest from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 30.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Havana Railway is to be held here next week to decide upon the future management of the road.

Advices from Los Tunas report the garrison there suffering from want of provisions, and anxiously looking for convoy with supplies from Puerto del Padre. The insurgents are committing great depredations in the Santiago, Puerto Principe and Trinidad jurisdiction.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—The Cotton Supply Association have adopted a resolution looking to the speedy development of the railways of India in order to facilate the exportation of cotton from that country. This course is taken in consequence of the insufficiency of the supply from the United States. The stock of American cotton is not large enough to keep the mills of Lancashire fully engaged.

LONDON, July 30—*Midnight*.—In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Bruce, the Home Secretary, in reply to an inquiry, said Her Majesty's Government intended to introduce a bill concerning naturalization and allegiance at the next session.

The Marquis of Hartington, Postmaster General, replied to a question of Mr. Basley, that the subject of cheap postage between England and America would be brought under the notice of the Government as soon as public business permitted.

The House of Lords have dismissed the appeal of Miss Shedden, with a decision against the appeal.

James G. Burnett. Jr., has been nominated a member of the Royal Yacht Club.

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SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, July 30.—Official dispatches from the allied army in Paraguay have been received at Rio Janeiro, stating that the final attack upon Asura, the stronghold of Lopez in the mountains, had been retarded by heavy rains. The Provisional government for Paraguay had been completed and installed at Ascunsion.

Reports from Paraguayan sources state that the Brazilians, during their recent advance, received a serious check and were thrown back upon their base, and that during their retreat their rear guard was defeated. It is also asserted that Lopez holds a strong position, and that Count D'Eu, Commander-in-Chief of the allies, had been baffled in every attempt to make a satisfactory reconnoisance of his forces.

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SPAIN.

MADRID, July 30.—The Carlist movement may be reported as having died out. Minister Sickles has gone to Lagrange to present his credentials as United States Minister to Marshal Serrano. John P. Hale leaves for America on Monday.

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FRANCE.

PARIS, July 30.—It is reported the Emperor will issue a general amnesty for political offences on the 15th of August.

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MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 30.—The steamers England and Scotia, from New York, have arrived,

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 30.—Consols for money, 93¼c. Five-twenty bonds quiet at 83⅝; Frankfort, 88¼; Eries, 19¾; Illinois, 94; Atlantic and Great Western, 23.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—Cotton; sales during the week, 101,000 bales, including 16,000 bales for export and 18,000 on speculation. Stock on hand: 315,000 bales, including 167,000 bales of American. Quantity at sea: 650,000 bales, only 28,000 of which are American. Market a shade firmer; middling uplands 13¼d; Orleans 12⅞@13d; sales of 12,000 bales. California white wheat 10s 6d; red western 9s 3d@9s 4d. Flour 23s 9d. Corn, mixed, 30s for old, and 29s for new. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 41s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. Cheese 62s. Bacon 62s. Spirits Petroleum 7d.; refined 1s 6d. Tallow 47s. Turpentine 27s. Linseed oil 33s 19d.

LONDON, July 30.—Tallow 46s. Sugar 39s 9d. Linseed cakes £10 5s. Calcutta Linseed 61s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp 50½f. Cotton at Havre 151½f. Manchester market quiet and firm.

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CHICAGO.

The Cheney-Whitehouse Injunction—Return of an Excursion Party—Gold Sales Ordered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 30.—In the Superior Court this morning Judge Jameson informed counsel in the Cheney versus Bishop Whitehouse injunction case, that he should not be able to render his decision before the early part of next week, probably on Tuesday. The Ecclesiastical Court have consequently adjourned until that date.

The Perry H. Smith excursion party, which left this city about five weeks ago for a trip to California and the Yosemite Valley, returned to-day to Chicago. The trip out was made via the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, but the trip in from Omaha was via Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad. Like all others who visit the Golden Gate, they pronounce the trip one of rare pleasure.

Secretary Boutwell has authorized the Collector of Customs of this port to sell gold in the United States Depository here to importers, in such amounts as they may require to pay duties, at the current rates in New York on the day of sale. Consequently parties hereafter paying duties will ascertain the amount of gold required and purchase of the cashier of the Depository a gold certificate for that amount, which certificate will be received for customs.

Removal of the National Capital.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Quite an enthusiastic meeting of citizens was held at the Southern Hotel, to-night, to consider and discuss the question of moving the Capital to St. Louis. A number of speeches were made and various propositions discussed, but no definite action was taken, other than instructing the Chairman to request the City Council, County Court, Merchants' Exchange and Board of Trade to call a mass meeting of citizens generally to devise the best means to carry out the project.

POLITICAL.

Hon. Asa Packer's Letter Accepting the Democratic Nomination—Also Judge Pershing's.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Hon. Asa Packer has addressed the following letter to the Committee appointed to inform him of his nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: At the first convenient moment I reply to your communication informing me of my nomination by the Democratic State Convention of the 4th inst. for the office of Governor of Pennsylvania. I desire to make due acknowledgment for this high evidence of the esteem and friendship of my fellow-citizens, and to say that I accept the nomination tendered me. Having at the solicitation of my friends, with unfeigned reluctance, been induced to permit the use of my name for nomination, my acceptance becomes a matter of course, if not of duty, but I announce it with a deep sense of the responsibilty, assured that my reliance in accepting the position of candidate, and in agreeing to perform executive service for the people, is not alone upon my own strength or good intentions, but mainly upon the popular indulgence and generous support, and upon that superintending Providence which can bless the labor of public men. If I shall be placed by the votes of the people in the gubernatorial chair, I shall endeavor to meet the expectations of friends and all who have at heart the true interests of our Commonwealth. To this end I shall labor to secure these objects in which we feel a common interest and concern, and which are; the preservation of the State credit a reduction of the expenses of the State to their lowest practicable point, thereby lessening the burden and taxation of the people; the encouragement of a liberal system of improvements for intercourse and trade, in order that production may be increased, labor more amply rewarded, and general prosperity secured; a just execution of the laws, involving a cautious and sparing use of the power to pardon offenders, so that good faith shall be kept among the people and crime be repressed; promotion of the education of our youth by the general system of organized schools and by special institutions of learning, so knowledge and virtue shall become more and more the solid foundations of our free political system; and lastly, the restoration of purity and character to our Government by the putting down or preventing of special and corrupt legislation and all improper uses or management of the public funds. To these general objects, however, should be added a careful attention by the Government to the interests of labor. Having earned my bread by the labor of my hands during many, and I may add the happiest years of my life, and owing whatever I possess under the Providence of God to patient and honest toil, I can never be unmindful of the interests of those with whom my entire life has been associated. Inasmuch as my pursuits and training have not qualified me for speech making, or for the solicitation of votes, it will not be expected I shall undertake the performance of active duties in the canvass about to begin. But my life, conduct and character are before my fellow citizens for examination, and they will afford them better means of judging of my fitness as a candidate for popular support than anything I could now say.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, ASA PACKER.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1869.

Judge Pershing has sent the following letter accepting the nomination for Judge of the Supreme Court:

Philadelphia, July 22, 1859: To Hon. Charles R. Buckalew, Lewis Cassidy, Esq., and R. E. Monahan, Esq., Committee—Gentlemen: Your note of the 21st inst. has been received, informing me of my nomination as the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court by the State Convention This distinguished honor is the more valued as it has been conferred without solicitation. I accept the nomination, and should the action of the Convention be ratified by the people, shall endeavor to discharge the responsible duties of the position with impartiality and fidelity.

[Signed,] CYRUS L. PERSHING.

William Michler, of Easton, has been appointed Chairman of the State Democratic Committee of Pennsylvania.

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NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30, 1869.

The brokers who recently pleaded guilty of usury are to be sentenced August 10th.

The Washington train, due here at 5 P. M., ran off the track a mile south of the Newark Depot. The cars were badly smashed and the track torn up for some distance. The mail agent was seriously injured. No others are known to be hurt.

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Gen. Butler and the Virginia Test Oath.

RICHMOND, July 30.—The *State Journal* publishes a letter from Gen. B. F. Butler to a citizen of Virginia about requiring a test oath of members of the Legislature. Mr. Butler says: "My opinion therefore would be, and in that I am quite clear, that it is within the power of the Government, and within the requirements of the laws of Congress, if administered in their integrity, to set aside those men who cannot take the oath because of participation in the rebellion, and that men who did not so participate, and lost their votes of electors because of their adherence to the Union, should be admitted to their seats as being the choice of the only men voting who did not prefer a traitor to the Government to a loyal man for his Representative." Mr. Butler adds: "Congress is the only power which can remove the necessity of taking the iron clad oath."

—Two young men about eighteen years of age attempted to rob Mr. Eugene Underwood, near Waverley, N. Y., Thursday afternoon, in broad daylight. He was driving along the road in his carriage when they stopped him, presented a pistol at his head and demanded his money. They then attempted to escape, but were subsequently arrested.

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—Reports from all sections of Georgia give very favorable accounts of the cotton crop.

OHIO PRESBYTERY.

Trial of Rev. S. P. Linn—The Testimony For the Respondent—His Protest—The Cleveland Slanders Refuted—The Bridge Affair Explained.

FOURTH DAY—MORNING SESSION.

Presbytery convened at half past nine o'clock and was opened with prayer by the Moderator.

SECRET SESSION DEMANDED.

Mr. Beacom stated that he desired to make a statement to the Presbytery before entering upon the proceedings of the morning.

In consequence of the disorder exhibited yesterday, he would move that the remaining sessions of the Court be secret, admitting only in addition to the members, the corresponding members and the reporters.

The motion was not seconded.

The minutes of the preceding meeting not having been present at the opening of the session and having since been brought in, were read.

THE RECORD WRONG.

Mr. McElwain objected to the wording of the motion or resolution closing the prosecution. He said as the matter now appeared on the record, it would seem as though the court had compelled the prosecution to bring the case to a close which was not the fact. He thought it should be so worded as to express the facts in the case, that the prosecution had signified their readiness to close.

Rev. Mr. McKaig also offered objections to the wording of the resolution.

Rev. Mr. Carnahan offered the following as amendatory to the minutes:

The prosecution here stated that they had exhausted their testimony and examined all the witnesses accessable, it is therefore resolved by the court, that the prosecution close and the defense be permitted to proceed.

Dr. McKinney objected to the amendment on the ground that it was a false statement and did not express the facts in the case, and offered an amendment the object of which appeared to be to leave the impression that if they could have been permitted to bring in certain testimony which had been excluded by the court, the result would have been different, and intimating that the court had arrested the prosecution.

Mr. Linn objected to the passage of Dr. McKinney's amendment.

Rev. Mr. McKaig had no objection to Dr. McKinney's amendment if he would add that the prosecution had not asked the Presbytery to adjourn to hear the witnesses.

After some discussion, Mr. Beacom moved to lay all the amendments on the table. Adopted.

Rev. Mr. McKaig moved to amend the record as follows:

The prosecuting committee having signified that they have no further testimony to offer etc.

Dr. McKinney amended by adding—as far as witneses were in court, but that there were a number of important witneses absent.

Rev. Mr. McKaig again objected unless Dr. McKinney would add that the prosecution had not desired the Court to hear these witnesses.

The Clerk here rose to a point of order. He held that the Court had no right to alter its proceedings further than to amend them wherein they were incorrect. That the minutes could only be made to correspond with the proceedings.

Mr. Linn at this point arose and objected to the action of Dr. McKinney, who was endeavoring to smuggle through a resolution which had been voted down.

The Moderator called Mr. Linn to order.

Rev. Eels said that the Court had a right to amend its minutes. The scribbling of the Clerk was not the record of the Court.

Some further amendments were made by Dr. McKinney, and Rev. Mr. McKaig, after which, on motion of Dr. McKinney, the whole matter of amending the minutes was laid on the table.

The Moderator then stated that if there was no objection the minutes would stand approved.

Rev. Mr. Eels objected, and Dr. McKinney moved to adopt the minutes as read. The motion was lost by a vote of seven to six.

Mr. Linn moved that the minutes be so amended as to read "The prosecution having closed their testimony in chief, the defence was allowed to proceed."

Dr. Jennings, one of the persecutors, desired to amend as follows: "for the reason that the prosecution could not get into Court at this time witnesses that they expected to have present."

Mr. Beacom objected to the amendment. If the record with that amendment went before Synod, that body would return the case on the ground that Presbytery had not completed the case.

Mr. Linn objected, because it did not present the facts in the case.

Rev. Mr. Eels—All these amendments are out of order. The Court could add no new matter, but only demand such matter as was decided by the body to be incorrectly recorded.

Mr. Carnahan called the previous question. Not entertained.

After some further discussion and explanations, Mr. Beacom moved that the amendments to the minutes be laid on the table. Adopted.

Dr. Marshall then offered an explanatory resolution to the minutes which was adopted. The minutes as amended were adopted.

Mr. McIlwain, another of the persecutors, offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That Presbytery will now adjourn a futrther hearing in this case until ——day, and that the Committee are authorized to find other witnesses and to cite again those witnesses who have not appeared.

The Moderator decided that the resolution could not be entertained without the resolution of yesterday was reconsidered.

Dr. McKinney moved to reconsider the resolution.

Considerable discussion was made on the question of reconsideration.

Mr. Linn made a forcible appeal to the Court against a further continuance.

Dr. McKinney then desired to state on what charges he wished to call witnesses, and was permitted by the Court to retail the scandalous charges before the house. He had proceeded some length of time when Mr. Linn arose to a point of order. He must protest against those scandalous imputations against his character.

Moderator—What is your point of order, Mr. Linn?

Mr. Linn—I protest against these false and slanderous accusations.

Moderator—You must take your seat, sir.

Mr. Linn—Mr. Moderator, I appeal from your decision. [Applause by the audience.]

Moderator—You must take your seat.

Order was here restored.

After some further discussion, Dr. McKinney proposed to proceed with reading the slanders against Mr. Linn, which action Mr. McKaig protested against.

Dr. Marshall thought it was strange that Dr. McKinney did not object to the matters now at issue when the resolution was first introduced, and he regretted that the good Doctor would insist upon retailing these scandals and intimating that he could prove things against the accused which he had not proven. He would therefore move that the motion to reconsider the action of yesterday be laid on the table.

The motion was adopted.

THE DEFENSE.

Mr. Linn, in a few remarks, offered the protest against being tried on the presentment preferred against him, which paper had been presented at the opening of the case, but ruled out by the Court:

MR. MODERATOR AND BRETHREN: The accused has not objected, and does not now object, to a fair and proper investigation of his conduct as a minister of Christ, by your body, of which he is a member, but he does most earnestly, solemnly protest against being tried on the presentment submitted by the prosecuting committee.

First. Because the presentment *now* before the Presbytery is different from the one ordered to be presented by the Presbytery, at their last meeting. (*a*) The names of new witnesses are attached, contary to the Book of Discipline, ch. IV, sec. 7. (*b*) One of the witnesses (Dr. Jacobus) has been dropped. (*c*) The wording of the presentment is in some instances changed—. of Dis, ch. V, 8.

Second. Because the charge—"unministerial conduct" and "indiscreet and immoral conduct," are vague and indeterminate—appealing to impure imaginings and suspicions. Ch. III., 5. Baird's Digest, Book III., p. 67.

Third. The presentment is so drawn as to deprive the accused of the advantages of a defense according to the Book of Discipline. [A.] The names of the witnesses are not appended to *each* charge. See B. ch. IV., 5. The *names* of the witnesses to the gravest accusation (Item 4, specification 2, charge II.) are not given at all. Book Chap. IV., 5, 8. There are no specifications of "time place and circumstances" as required by the book, Chap. IV., section 8, as to the following items in the presentment, viz: Charge I., specification 1, items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8. Item 7 gives only the place. Charge II., specification 1, items 1, 2, 3. Specifications 2, items 1, 2 and 3 give no time, and item 4 no time or place. Specification 3, item 1 gives no time, place or circumstance; item 3 no time; thus obliging the accused to defend his whole life.

FOURTH. The presentment is so drawn as to be an argument instead of a charge, worded in such qualifying terms and phrases, as to suggest the greatest offences against the laws of chastity, purity and veracity, thus in effect to prejudge the whole case, see charge II., words following "conduct;" also items 5, 6 and 8, under specification 2, charge I., specification 2, charge II., and also item 4, specification No. 3, item 2,

Fifth. Because the presentment traverses acts beyond the jurisdiction of this Presbytery. In canvassing the conduct of the accused in matters consisting of trivial import when they occurred and charged to have taken place in four different Presbyteries, within three different Synods, during seven years. Book of Discipline. chapter V, sections 3 and 4, chapter X, sections 1 and 2, Digest Book, section 53. In ignoring limitations of time, chapter XI, 5, Digest Book III, section 68. In citing witnesses from beyond the jurisdiction of this body, contrary to the Book of Discipline, chapter V, section 3, and chapter X, sections 1 and 2, in instances as follows:

From the Presbytery of Western Reserve, Synod of Sandusky, Ohio, on charge I., items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in part; on charge II., specification 1, items 1 and 3; on charge II., secification 2, items 1 and 2. From the Presbytery of Redstone, Synod of Pittsburgh, charge I., item 7, in part. From the Presbytery of Allegheny City, Synod of Allegheny, on charge III., specification 1, item 2; on same charge, specification 2, items 3 and 4; on same charge, specification 3, item 3, beside others which cannot be located at all.

Sixth. The presentment is *inquisitorial*, as appears by the admission of the prosecuting committee's first report, in which they admit that little was *said* in Presbytery concerning the accused when the committee was appointed, and that little was known by the majority of the committee against the accused when they began to inquire into his conduct; all of which is contrary to the instructions of the book (see chap. III V. 5,) and the decisions of the highest church—Digest book III. section 162.

Seventh—The respondent further protests because the specifications have been introduced into the presentment, wherein certain ladies are mentioned as having been aggrieved by the accused; and yet these ladies have never been personally waited upon, nor at any time nor in any way consulted with in reference to this trial by the prosecuting committee.

EIGHTH. The respondent further protests because the presentment seems to him to be based on a false issue. Leading members of this judicatory have so pronounced it; the general public so regard it, the constitution of the Committee of Inquiry and Prosecution does discountenance the inference, and the first and second minutes of your records admit it.

For these reasons, and others, which the accused does not wish to enumerate, he respectfully protests against being put on trial on the present presentment. If the reasons herein stated are deemed by your body inadequate to bar proceedings, he asks that the protest be placed on record.

Your fellow presbyter,
S. P. LINN.

Mr. Linn moved that the protest be entered upon record preceding the plea of not guilty.

Dr. McKinney moved to strike out the latter portion of the motion.

After some discussion the matter was adjusted by permitting it to be entered upon the records with the explanation that it had been offered at the opening of the proceedings and ruled out.

After some introductory remarks, in which the line of defense was stated, he read a letter from a Mrs. Davis, the lady alleged to have been insulted on the St. Clair street bridge, and moved that a committee be appointed to take her testimony. The motion was adopted and

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SCRAMBLERS.

[From the Saturday Review.]

There are people who are never what Northern housewives call "straight"—people who seems to have been born in a scramble, who live in a scramble, and who, when their time comes, will die in a scramble, just able to scrawl their signature to a will that ought to have been made years ago, and that does not embody their real intentions now Emphatically the unready, they are never prepared for anything, whether expected or unexpected; they make no plans more stable than good intentions; and they neither calculate nor foresee. Everything with them is hurry and confusion, not because they have more to do than other people, but because they do it more loosely and less methodically—because they have not learnt the art of dovetailing or the mystery of packing. Consequently half their pleasures and more than half their duties slip through their fingers for want of the knack of compact-holding; and their lives are passed in trying to pick up what they have let drop, and in frantic endeavors to remedy their mistakes. For scramblers are always making mistakes, and going through an endless round of forgetting. For one thing. they never remember their engagements, but accept in the blandest and frankest way imaginable two or more invitations for the same day and hour, and assure you quite seriously when, taught by experience, you push them hard and probe them deep, that they have no engagement whatever on hand, and are certain not to fail you. In an evil hour you trust to them. When the day comes they suddenly wake to the fact that they had accepted Mrs. So-and-So's invitation before yours; and all you get for your empty place, and your careful arrangements ruthlessly upset, is a hurried note of apology, which comes perhaps in the middle of dinner, perhaps some time next day, when too late to be of use. If they forget their own engagements they also ignore yours, no matter how distinctly you may have tabulated them; and are sure to come rattling to your house on the day when you said emphatically you were engaged and could not see them. If you keep to your programme and refuse to admit them, more likely than not you affront them. Engagements being in their eyes movable feasts, which it does not in the least degree signify whether they keep on the date set down or not, they cannot understand your rigidity of purpose; and were it not that as a tribe they are good-natured, and too fluid to hold even annoyance for any length of time you would in all probability have a quarrel fastened on you because your scrambling friends chose to make a calendar for themselves, and to insist on your setting your diary by it. And as they ignore your appointed hours, so do they forget your street and number. They always stick to your first number, though you may have moved many times since it was printed, duly apprising them of each change as it occurred. That does not help you, for they never note the changes of their friends' addresses, but keep loyally to the first. It all comes to the same in the end, they say, and the postman is cleverer than they. But they do not often trouble their friends with letters on their own account, and they have a speciality for not answering such as are written to them, and, when they do answer them, of not replying to the questions asked or giving the news demanded. They do not even reply to invitations like other people, but leave you to infer from their silence the yes or no they are meditating. When they in their turn invite you, they generally puzzle you by mismatching the day of the week with the date of the month, leaving you tormented with doubt which you are to go by, and they forget to give you the hour. Besides this. they write an illegible hand, and they are famous for the blots they make and the Queen's heads they omit.

A scrambling wife is no light cross to a man who values order and regularity as part of his home life. She may be and probably is, the best tempered creature in the world—a peevish scrambler would be too unendurable—but a fresh face, bright eyes and a merry laugh do not atone for never-ending disorder and discomfort. This kind of thing does not depend on income, and is not to be remedied by riches. The households where my lady has nothing to do but to let her maid keep her to the hours she herself has appointed are just as uncomfortable in their way as poorer establishments, if my lady is a scrambler, and cannot be taught method and the value of holding on by the forelock. Sometimes my lady goes herself into such an inextricable coil of promises and engagements, all crossing each other, that in despair she takes to her bed and gives herself out as ill, and so cuts what she cannot untie. People wonder at her sudden indisposition, looking as she did only yesterday in the very bloom of health; and they wonder at her radiant reappearance without a trace of even languor upon her; they do not know that her retirement was simply a version of the famous rope trick, and that, like the Brothers Davenport, she went into the dark to shake herself free of the cords with which she had suffered herself to be bound. It is a short and easy method certainly, but it has rather too much of the echo of "Wolf" in it to bear frequent repetition. In houses of a lower grade, where the lady is her own housekeeper, the habit of scrambling of course leads to far greater and more manifest confusion. The servants catch from the mistress the trick of overstaying time, and punctuality at last comes to mean an elastic margin, where fixed duties and their appointed times appear cometically at irregular intervals. The cook is late with dinner; the coachman begins to put-to a little after the hour he was ordered to be at the door; but they know that, however late they are, the chances are ten to one their mistress will not be ready for them, and that in her heart she will be grateful to them for the shelter their own unpunctuality affords her. This being so, they take their time, and dawdle at their pleasure; thus adding to the pressure which always comes at the end of the scrambler's day, when everything is thrown into a chaotic mass, and nothing comes out straight or complete. Did any one ever know a scrambling woman ready at the moment in her own house? That she should be punctual to any appointment out of her house is, of course, not to be thought of, but she makes an awkward thing of it sometimes at home. Her guests are often all assembled, and the dinner hour has struck, before she has torn off one gown and dragged on another. What she cannot tie she pins, and her pins are many and demonstrative. She wisps up her hair, not having left herself time to braid it; and the consequence is before she has been half an hour in the room ends and tails are sure to stray playfully from their fastenings, and come tumbling about her ears. Her jewels are mismatched, her colors ill-assorted, her belt is awry, her bouquet falling to pieces. She rushes into the drawing-room in her morning slippers, smiling and good-tempered, with a patchwork look about her—something forgotten in her attire that makes her whole appearance shaky and unfinished—fastening her last button, or clasping on her first bracelet. She is full of regrets and excuses delivered in her joyous, buoyant manner, or in a voice so winning, an accent so coaxing, that you cannot be annoyed. Besides, you leave the annoyance to her husband, who is sure to have in reserve a pickle quite sufficiently strong for the inevitable rod, as the poor scrambler knows too well. All you can do is to accept her apologies with a good grace, and to carry away with you a vivid recollection of an awkward half-hour, a spoilt dinner, and a scrambling hostess all abroad and out of time, sweeping through the room very heated, very good-tempered, only half-dressed, and chronically out of breath.

Scramblers can never learn the value of money, either for themselves or for others. They are famous for borrowing small sums which they forget to return; but, to do them justice, they are just as willing to lend what they never dream of asking for again. Long ago they caught hold of the fact that money is only a circulating medium, and they have added an extra speed to the circulation, at which slower folks stand aghast. To be sure, the practical results of their theory are not very satisfactory, and the confusion between possessive pronouns which distinguishes their financial catechism is apt to lead to unpleasant issues. Scrambling women are especially notorious for the way in which they set themselves afloat without sufficient means to carry them on; finding themselves stranded in mid-career because they have made no calculation, and have forgotten the rule of subtraction. They find themselves at a small Italian town, say, where the virtues of the British banking system are unknown, and where their letters of credit and circular notes are not worth more than the value of the paper they are written on. More than one British matron of respectable condition and weak arithmetic has found herself in such a plight as this, with her black-eyed landlord perfectly civil and well-bred, but as firm as a rock in his resolution that the Signora shall not depart out of his custody till his little account is paid—a plight out of which she has to scramble the best way she can, with the loss perhaps of a little dignity and of more repute, at least in the locality where her solid scudi gave out and her precious paper could not be cashed. This is the same woman who offers an omnibus conductor a sovereign for a threepenny fare; who gives the village grocer a ten-pound note for a shilling's-worth of sugar, and who, when she comes up to London for a day's shopping, and has got her last parcel made up and ready to put into her cab, finds she has not left herself half money enough to pay for it—with a shopman whose faith in human nature is by no means lively, and who only last week was bitten by a lady swindler of undeniable manners and appearance, and not very unlike herself. She has been known, too, to go into a confectioner's, and, after having made an excellent luncheon, find to her dismay that she has left her purse in the pocket of her other dress at home, and that she has not sixpence about her. In fact, there is not an equivocal position in which forgetfulness, want of method, want of foresight, and all the other characteristics which make up scrambling in the concrete, can place her, in which she has not been at some time or other. But no experience teaches her; the scrambler she was born and the scrambler she will die, and to the last will tumble through her life, all her ends flying, and deprecating excuses on her lips.

Scramblers are notoriously great in making promises, and as notorious for not performing what they promise. Kind-hearted as they are in general, and willing to do their friends a service—going out of their way indeed to proffer kindness quite beyond your expectations and the range of their duties towards you, and always undertaking works of supererogation, which in fact lead to more than half their normal scramble—they forget the next hour the promise on which you have based your dearest hopes. Or, if they do not forget it, they find it is crowded out of time by a multitude of engagements and prior promises, of all of which they were innocently oblivious when they offered to do your business so frankly, and swore so confidently they would set about it now at once, and get it out of their hands without delay. The oath and the offer which you took to be as sure as the best chain cable, you will find on trial to be only a rope of sand that could not bind so much as a bunch of tow together, still less hold the anchor of a life; and many a heart, sick with hope deferred, and with the disappointment which might have been so easily prevented, has been half broken before now from the anguish which has followed on the failure of the kind-hearted scrambler to perform the promise voluntarily made, and the service freely offered and earnestly pressed on a reluctant acceptor. This is the tragic side of the scrambler's career, the shadow thrown by almost every one of the class. For all the minor delinquencies of hurry and punctuality in social affairs it is not difficult to find full and ample forgiveness; but when it comes to untrustworthiness in graver matters, then the scrambler becomes a scourge instead of only an inconvenience. The only safe way of dealing with the class is to take them when we can take hold of them, and to accept them for what they are worth; but not to rely on them, and not to attempt any mortising of one's own affairs with their promises. They are the froth and foam of society, pretty and pleasant enough in the sunlight as they splash and splutter about the rocks, but they are not the deep waters which bear the burden of our ships, and by which the life of the world is maintained.

◆

PHILIP DEU, a young man residing five miles above Peoria, Ill., had his throat cut while grinding a scythe, yesterday. The handle of the stone struck the point of the scythe and drove its heel into his throat, severing the jugular vein. Physicians have succeeded in saving his life thus far, but his recovery is doubtful.

Iced Tea.

Toward the close of last summer, Mr. Greeley remarked in the *Tribune*, that any person who would invent a wholesome drink for the warm weather would be a benefactor, or words to that effect. Now, iced tea is not put forth in answer to this call, as a new invention, but as a well tried article not yet in so general use as would be advisable. It is very simple—almost too simple to describe. The decoction is merely to be poured into a tumbler of ice, or the ice put into a cup of the tea, as is most convenient. It is very refreshing, and if not too strong will not materially affect the nerves. In fact, a weak decoction of black tea serves every purpose. One of the choice effects is the bowels, tending to check their action when it would be too actively excited by the use of cold water alone. In many places the water acts upon strangers very readily, especially in summer, when the waters used for drinking are concentrated. The water of Washington has, upon most persons, a very loosening effect until use has adapted the system; some never become accustomed to it. I have not known any instance in which the use of iced tea, as a drink, has not checked this tendency in visitors to that city. If this beverage could be obtained at the counters of the appropriate places, I am persuaded that much of it would be sold, greatly to the advantage of most of the drinkers of those beverages that are now bought, and greatly to the profit of the right man. There seems to be a difference of opinion in regard to the effects of "soda water" on the stomach and other organs, but it is generally allowed to be detrimental. There can be no doubt that the "ginger pop," now fashionable under the name of "root beer," and all the like kinds of fermenting fluids, are very detrimental to the health in hot weather, especially if there is a tendency to looseness of the bowels. Some will think that the recommendation of tea is not very hygienic; yet, from long observation of its effects when taken cool, I am persuaded that it is a refreshing and wholesome drink, and that its general use would be an improvement.

Discovery of the Original Documents for the Book of Genesis.

"This is startling news," says Mr. Charles Welford, in his last letter from London to the Book Buyer of this city, in giving an account of the remarkable announcement just made by Henry Rawlinson, before the Royal Asiatic Society. It is not merely that this eminent oriental scholar claims to have discovered the original records from which the Book of Genesis was composed, but he illustrates his position by details of the most striking kind. He himself said:

"The progress now reached in the collection and arrangement of the Nineveh inscribed fragments, made it beyond a doubt that they would be able to derive the whole of the history given in the Book of Genesis, from the time of Abraham, from the original documents; and it was not too much to expect that almost the same facts and descriptions would be found in the Babylonian documents as in the Bible. He hoped very soon to have ready a paper on the Garden of Eden (Paradise), in which he would show that was the natural name of Babylon. The rivers bore the very same names, and the Babylonian documents gave an exact geographical account of the Garden of Eden. The Flood and the Tower of Babel would be found to be most amply illustrated in the Babylonian documents." —*N. Y. Times.*

Nonsense About Night Air.

There is a popular prejudice concerning the evil effects of night air, about which a word must be said. It was formerly the universal belief that the night air was very injurious. But the fact is, that, except under certain circumstances, or in very damp weather, it is as healthful, or even more so, than that of the day time. The night air of large cities, such as London, when the bustle and commotion, which cause it to be loaded with dust particles, is comparatively quelled, and the numerous fires which contaminate it with their smoke are mostly extinguished, is purer than that of the day. Nothing conduces more to healthy sleep than good ventilation, and no mode of ventilation surpasses that obtained by opening the windows at the top, by which the influence of draught is avoided, while the upper stratum of air, to which impurities ascend, is constantly renewed.

Protect the Children.

I have noticed that since the introduction of the black covered carriages now so common, children suffer from the heat as they did not under the old basket top of other days. That was usually covered with something light colored. Any person who has ridden in a hot day within a black covered carriage, and felt the peculiar manner in which it "draws the heat," can realize that in a child's carriage the effect must be still greater, since the vicinity of the cover is nearer. It is not too much to suppose that many fits of sickness must be produced by the cause described, since on every hand we see the nurses drawing the children in the hot sun blazing down upon these covers, most perfectly adapted to transmit its rays. Let the black top be covered with some light-colored material; it will serve to protect, also, by the additional thickness.

"The Seven Wise Men."

This order has no political or sectarian objects. With party politics and religious sects it has nothing to do, leaving every member to the free exercise of his opinions in religion and politics. To each citizen it inculcates obedience to law, the necessity of public order, and toleration of the ideas of others. It also inculcates moral duties, and requires each member to preserve a respectable and honorable position in society by honest dealing and correct demeanor in all the relations of life. Its objects are the social and intellectual improvement of members and the cultivation of good feeling, kindness and friendship; to comfort each other in distress, and protect each other from the suffering occasioned by unavoidable or undeserved misfortune.

◆

THE library of Hon. E. H. Thompson, of Flint, Michigan, is especially rich in Shakespeare. It contains ninety different editions of the Bard of Avon, making in all full 1,400 volumes in this department alone. Among these are the celebrated Boydell's edition in eighteen volumes, highly illustrated—the engravings alone being considered cheap at $1,000—the print so large and clear as to be easily read at a distance of twenty feet with the naked eye; a copy of an edition printed in 1623, and the only one, probably, in the country; and one of 1668, a quaint and queer production, that needs to be seen to be appreciated.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.

Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in

Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 123 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 u4

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JUST RECEIVED.
FANCY
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
NEW STYLES.
TUCKED, EMBROIDERED
AND
Plain Linen Chemizettes.
SHETLAND
AND
SEA SIDE SHAWLS.
PONGEE SILK PARASOLS,
Different Colors.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS,
Palm, Linen, Silk Fans,
JAPANESE FANS.
Hoop Skirts,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES.
BALMORAL SKIRTS
AND SKIRTING.
Kid Gloves,
ALL SHADES.
Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves.
HOSIERY,
All Kinds, Including a Full Line of
BALBRIGGAN
AND FINER MAKES.
Plain and Embroidered Corsets,
HAIR ROLLS,
Coils and Switches,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES.
Gents' Shirts, Hose, Ties,
SUSPENDERS, DRAWERS, &C.
WHITE GOODS,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, all widths,
WAIST and NECK
RIBBONS.
BARGAINS
IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
Stock Kept Up During the Season
BY DAILY ARRIVALS OF
NEW GOODS,
CALL AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
jy21:m40

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, July 30, 1869. }

The oil market continues quiet and rather dull, and devoid of anything really new or important. As repeatedly noted, recently, the trade is not in as prosperous a condition as could be desired, and so long as the present inequality in the price of Crude and refined continues, no improvement can reasonably be expected. It is as plain as anything can be that there must be a radical change in this respect, as it is not to be expected that manufacturers, will enter into new negotiations with but little if any chance of getting out even, and the probability of an actual loss, almost reaching a certainty. That they will be both to stop their works, just at this particular time, is conceded, but if they cannot keep them in operation without sustaining a loss, there is no help for it.

Private and reliable advices from Cleveland, report the trade there in pretty much the same condition as here certainly no better, and in some respects, if anything, even worse. The same inequality in prices exists there as here; manufacturers are making no money, and money matters are reported as working very close. It is true they have the lion's share of the western trade, but then it would appear that there is no profit in it, and some of the refiners, it is said, contemplate shipping direct to Liverpool on their account.

Refiners do not complain that Crude is too high, but they do complain, and with good reason, too, that it is much higher relatively than refined. It makes but little difference to them, as a general thing, whether crude is 10 or 20 cents, provided there is a margin in Refined; and the sooner the market gets into shape to afford the manufacturer a living profit, the better for the entire trade.

CRUDE.

The market continues dull and weak, with offers to sell at a slight reduction, and even at the decline, buyers do not seem numerous. Spot oil was offered at 14⅞ during the early part of the day; subsequently, there was a sale of 1,000 bbls, seller fifteen days, at 14¾, and after that it was offered at 14¾, without finding buyers. Seller all year, nominal at 14¾, and buyer all year at 16@16¾.

REFINED

Compared with yesterday, has undergone no quotable change, though the market is dull and a little weak. Sale 1,000 bbl July, at 31⅜; last half August 32; last five months 32½; and last four months, 33.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher Bro	720 bbls.
Tack Bro	675 "
John Spear	50 "
D Bly & Co	50 "
Total	1,495 bbls

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 998 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 316 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 250 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 200 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Work 300 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 350 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 250 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works 154 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 450 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 300 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 101 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Pennock & Beeson, 50 bbls lubricating oil, to Wethington & Co., Maysville.

Total Refined 3,669

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Cotton quiet and drooping; sales 750 bales at 33¾c. for Middling Uplands. Flour: receipts 6,172 bbls.; prices are 5@10c. better, and there is rather more doing; sales 9,400 bbls. at $5,90@6,40 for superfine State and western; $6,80@7,40, extra State; $6,70@7,45, extra western; $7,50@7,75, white wheat extra; $7@7,65, R. H. O.; $7@8, extra St. Louis; $8@8,50, good to choice do.; included in the sales were 1,500 bbls. extras for export at $6,90@7 for State and $6,75 for western. Rye Flour steady; sales 250 bbls at $4,75@6,75. Cornmeal quiet; sales 200 bbls Marsh's Caloric at 60c. Whisky dull; sales 50 bbls. western at $1,10 free. Wheat: receipts, 19,386 bus; 1@2c better and in fair export demand; sales of 139,000 bus at $1,53@1,56 for No. 2 spring, $1,50@1,51 for soft do., $1,57@1,58 for No. 1 and mixed spring, $1,59@1,61 for No. 1 spring, $1,60 for new red Indiana, $1,63 for amber State, $1,65@1,66 for amber Michigan, part to arrive, $1,72½ for white State, $1,70@1,75 for white California. Rye quiet at $1,28 for western. Barley nominal. Barley Malt quiet; sales of 500 bus Canada at $1,80. Corn: receipts, 20,846 bus; heavy, with sales of 57,000 bus at $5@86c for unsound new mixed western, $1,07@1,11 for sound do., $1,10 for white western. Oats: receipts, 2,611 bus; irregular and unsettled, opening heavy and lower, and closing firmer; the demand is speculative; sales 96,000 bush at 77¼@79c for western afloat; closing with buyers at 81 and sellers at 82c. Rice in fair request, with sales 80 tierces Carolina at 8¼@9. Coffee firm, with sales 800 bags Rio at private terms. Sugar fairly active, with sales 250 hhds at 11¼@11½c for Cuba, and 12@12½c for Porto Rico. Molasses dull, with sales 80 hhds Muscovado at 48@52c. Hops quiet at 10@15c for American. Petroleum firm at 17¼@17½c for crude, and 32c for refined. Linseed Oil dull at 97c@$1, in casks. Turpentine quiet at 42@43c. Pork heavy and a shade lower; sales of 950 bbls. $33@33,25 for new mess, closing at $33,50 cash; $32,25@32,50 for old do., $27,50@28,50 for prime; $30@30,50 for prime mess. Tierce beef nominal; $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef steady; sales of 275 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess; $12@18 for new extra mess. Beef hams quiet; sales of 130 bbls. at $25@31. Cut meats firm; sales of 225 pkgs. at 14¾@15c. for shoulders, and 17@19c. for hams; middles firm, sales of 60 bxs. ice cured at 16½@16½c. Lard quiet and firm: 500 tcs at 17@19½c for steam, and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered; also, 250 tcs steam buyer January at 15c. Butter firm at 16@32c for Ohio, and 16@37c for State. Cheese firm at 11@16c. Freights to Liverpool more active and firmer; shipments 90,000 bush wheat at 7@7¼d per sail, and 7¾@8d per steam; 900 bbls flour at 6d per sail.

Latest—Flour closed a shade firmer on low grades, with moderate demand, in part for export. Wheat firm at $1,54@1,56 for No. 2, $1,60@1,61 for No. 1 spring and $1,60 for new red Ohio and Indiana. Rye nominal. Oats firm at 81c for western afloat. Corn dull and heavy at 80c@$1,05 for unsound, and $1,07@1,10 for sound mixed western. Pork dull with sales of 250 bbls mess at $33. Beef dull and unchanged. Bulk meats firm with fair demand. Bacon quiet and firm. Lard dull at 19¼@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and steady.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Tobacco firm and the supply not equal to the demand. Hemp firm, with sales of undressed at $1,15. Cotton: nothing doing. Flour dull and weak, and holders of medium and choice are now willing to make 25c. concession to effect sales; low grades are pretty firm, but becoming easier; superfine sold at $5,25@6; X $5,75@6; XX $6,25@6,50; XXX fancy new $7,25@7,50; do. old $8,50@9. Wheat declined 2@5c. on low and medium grades, and 5@10c. on best qualities; prime to strictly prime red fall $1,12½@1,20; low choice to fancy $1,25@1,47. Corn slow and easier; mixed sold at 96c.; yellow $1@1,05; prime to fancy white $1,05@1,11. Oats dull, declining and unsettled; new mixed 57@60c.; choice do. 62½@65c.; old mixed and white ranged at 65@68c, and closing dull at anything over 65c. Rye opened at $1 for choice, but fell to 85c at close. Whisky steady and firm at $1,10. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Pork firm at $34,00@34,25. Dry salt meat higher, with sales of 150,000 pounds shoulders, buyers 60 days at St. Joseph, at 14c. Bacon shoulders sold at 15c, but held at close at 15½c. Clear rib sides, 18¼@18⅜c. Clear sides 19. Lard dull, with jobbing sales of tierce at 19c. and keg at 20½c. Receipts: 2,100 bbls flour, 50,700 bush wheat, 4,700 bush corn, 7,500 bush oats, 1,000 bush rye, 220 hogs.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Eastern Exchange firm at 1-10 premium selling, and 1-10 off buying. Flour dull at $5,50@7,25 for spring extras. Wheat firmer; sales No. 1 at $1,39@1,40, closing unchanged; sales No. 2 at $1,34¼@1,35½, closing at $1,35@1,35½; this afternoon No. 2 is unsettled and offered at $1,34½ cash, and sales 1,32¼, seller for August. Corn quiet, and 3½@4½c. lower; early sales of No. 2 at 85@86c., advanced to 87@87½c, closing at 86½@87c; rejected sold at 81@82½c; no grade at 75@80c; sales of No. 2 at 87@89c seller last half of August, and 86@87½c. seller August; this afternoon No. 2 sold at 86c, seller August. Oats unsettled and 3@4c. lower, sales of No. 2 at 57@59c, and rejected at 53@54c; closing nominal at 58@59c for No. 2. Rye quiet and 1c lower, with sales of No. 1 at $1,06, and No. 2 at $1,04. Barley nominal at $1,30 for No. 2, seller August. Highwines quiet and 1c lower; sales at $1,04. Sugars active at 13¾@14¾c for common to prime Cuba. Mess Pork firmly held at $33,50@33,75. Lard nominally 18½c. Shoulders inactive and nominal at 13½@13¾c; closing with buyers at 13¼c. Sweet Pickled Hams firm at 17@17½c. Freights dull, firmer and ¼c higher at 4c for corn to Buffalo. Receipts for past 24 hours—4,706 bbls flour, 48,238 bus wheat, 91,349 bus corn, 23,791 bus oats, 591 bus rye, 750 bus barley, 4,186 hogs. Shipments—5,211 bbls flour, 71,300 bus wheat, 68,600 bus corn, 700 bus oats, 3,715 hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 80.—Flour dull and demand light, family $5,90@6,20, some demand for shipment to Chicago and Toledo. Wheat in good shipping demand and sales of 15,000 bush. new red at $1,20@1,25; new white $1,40@1,50, the latter rate for choice Kentucky; no old wheat offering. Corn classes dull under a better supply, sales at 92@95c; in the morning it was held at 98c.@$1,00. Rye dull at 96@98c. Oats dull, old 70@74c; new 58@63c. Barley firm at $1,25. Tobacco firm, sales of 123 hhds. at $6 to 18,25. Whisky firm but quiet at $1,10, sales of small lots at this rate. Mess Pork firm but quiet at $33,50; bulk meats sold at 13½c. for shoulders and 16½c. for sides; bacon held higher, shoulders at 15¼; sides 18½@19c for clear rib and clear, buyers at ¼c. less. Sugar cured hams 23@24c. Lard held at 19½c; buyers offer 19c. Butter firm at 24@30c, the latter rate for choice Western Reserve. Eggs dull at 13@14c. Linseed oil unchanged at 98@$1. Lard oil firm at $1,35@1,40. Petroleum 29@31c and in good demand. Sugar in good demand; sales 160 hhds. and 600 bbls. raw at 12½@12¾c; refined 15@16¾c. Coffee firm at full rates; sales 430 bags at 22@25c. for fair to prime. Gold 136 buying. Exchange firm at par buying, and 50@1-10 premium selling. Money market continues easy.

BUFFALO, July 30.—Receipts: flour 3,000 bbls., wheat 20,000 bush., corn 38,000 bush. Shipments; wheat 46,000 bush., oats 15,000 bush. Freights to New York are wheat 12¾c., corn 10¾c., oats 7½c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat: moderate inquiry; sales 23,000 bush No. 2 Chicago at $1,42@1,42½; sales 5,000 bush. No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,42@1,43, also 15,000 bush. to arrive at $1,43, closing weak. Corn dull and lower; sales 10,000 bush. in lots, of No. 2, at 98c.@$1. Oats dull and held at 78c. on spot, and 75c. to arrive. Rye nominal. Barley nominal. Pork firm at $34. Lard steady at 19@19½c. Highwines: sales 20 bbls at $1,08, an extreme.

BALTIMORE, July 30.—Flour firm at $5,75@6,25 for western; $6,50@7,25 for extra; $7,75@8,50 for family. Wheat dull and lower at $1,50@1,55 for prime; $1,60 for choice; lower grades $1,30@1,40. Corn dull at $1,06@1,10 for prime white, and $1,10 for yellow. Oats dull and weak at 60@68c. Mess Pork quiet at $34. Bacon active and advancing at 18¾@19c for rib sides; 19¼@19½c for clear rib; 15¾@16c for shoulders; hams 23@24c. Lard quiet at 19¼@20c. Whisky firm and in good demand at $1,18.

CLEVELAND, July 28.—Flour: city made at $9 for treble extra white, $7,75@8 for double extra amber, $6,75@7 for double extra red winter, $6 for extra red winter, and $6,75 for double extra spring; country made at $7,50@8,25 for double extra white, $6,25@7,15 for double extra red and amber, and $6,50@7 for double extra spring. Wheat: No. 1 red winter held at $1,36, and old No. 2 do. at $1,35. Corn: No. 1 mixed held at 98c, and No. 3 do. at 96c. Oats held at 76@77c. Rye held at $1,10@1,15.

TOLEDO, July 30.—Flour is steady. Wheat 2@3c better; amber old $1,54@1,55, No. 1 red $1,45@1,46, No. 2 red $1,40, and No. 3 red $1,25. Corn dull; No. 1 held at 97c without buyers, No. 2 at 95c, rejected at 86c, condemned at 76c. Oats quiet and nothing doing. Rye in demand with more offering and quotations nominal. Receipts—100 bbls flour 15,400 bus wheat, 1,200 bus corn. Shipments—600 bbls flour, 1,100 bus wheat, 17,200 bus corn, 20,000 bus oats.

LOUISVILLE, July 30.—Bagging firm and heavy at 23c. Flour very firm: superfine $4,50, extra $5,25. Grain firm and in good demand; Wheat $1,15@1,25. Corn 90c. Oats 70c. Rye $1. Barley $1,15. Leaf Tobacco in demand and fair at full prices: sales 119 hhds. at $5,25@12,75. Highwines have advanced to $1,11. Mess Pork $33,50. Bacon shoulders 15¾c; clear rib 19c; clear sides 19½c; hams 22½@23c. Lard 19¾c.

MILWAUKEE, July 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat unsettled at $1,40 for No. 1; $1.37¼ for No. 3. Oats firm at 68c. for No. 2. Corn dull and nominal. Rye firm at $1.04 for No. 2 and nominal. Grain freights firm and unchanged. Receipts—1,000 bbls. flour, 53,000 bu. wheat, 1,000 bu. oats. Shipments—5,000 bbls. flour, 29,000 bu. wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat held firmly; old red at $1,50@1,54; new at $1,55@1,60, and amber at $1,60@1,67, Rye quiet at $1,30@1,35. Corn dull and declined; yellow at $1,15, and mixed western at $1,14. Oats dull, with sales western at 74@76c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky scarce; held at $1,20@1,25.

MEMPHIS, July 30.—Cotton dull at 31c. Receipts—29 bales. Exports—4 bales. Stock 389. Flour active at $5,50@8,50. Wheat scarce, No. 1 $1,25. Corn active, shelled $1. Oats quiet at 80@82c. Hay, none in the market. Bran $20. Corn Meal $4,50. Pork quiet at $32,25. Lard quiet at 20c. Bacon stiff, shoulders 15¼@15½c; sides 19½c.

OSWEGO, July 30.—Flour is active and unchanged. Wheat firm but quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1,56; No. 2 do at $1,50; stock very light. Corn held at $1,10 for No. 1. Canal freights: wheat 8½c, corn 7½c to New York. Lake Imports—wheat 3,200, corn 19,300 bushels. Canal exports—wheat 14,900 bushels.

DETROIT, July 30.—Flour is quiet but steady. Wheat at $1,82 for extra white; No. 1 do $1,73; No. 2 do $1,45; No. 1 amber $1,44. Oats—sales of new at 70c; old at 78@80c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 80.—Cattle; receipts to-day 1,500, with 300 holding from Wednesday; trade very slow, and prices declining, quite to the injury of owners; some Texans which sold on Tuesday at $50 each have to be resold to-day, and will only bring $40, as no one wants them; the quality of the offerings is poor; there were sales made at 9@15c., scarcely anything bringing 16c., and several lots were held over. Sheep less firm, with arrivals 5,900; a few extras brought 7c., while fair 78 pounds Ohio sheep sold at 6c., and some of 76 pounds at 5c. Lambs have declined ½c., varying from 7½c. to 9½c., some Canadas, 56 pounds, bringing the latter price, with a car Ohio, 48 pounds, at 7½c. Hogs reached 13c. for dressed; only 21 cars or 2,290 head arriving to-day; one car Illinois, 208 pounds, sold at $10—40c. per cwt.

CHICAGO, July, 30.—Cattle dull and nominally unchanged; sales at $3,75@4,80 for Texas steers; $4,65@5,50 for fair to extra cows; $6,50@7,25 for fair to good fleshy steers. Hogs active and excited; prices are 20@25c. higher; sales at $9,40@9,75 for common; $9,80@9,90 for fair to medium; $10@10,15 for good to extra.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Cattle dull and unchanged at 3¼@6½c. Hogs in good demand and firm at 8@9¾c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 30.—135 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 1 car cooperage, M P Adams Bro; 1 do stone, J L L Knox, 7 cks peails, S Harbaugh & Co; 1 keg applebutter, H Rea Jr; 10 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark; 20 bbls tallow, Reed & Johnston; 1 car ice, J White Jr; 21 bbls tallow, 39 green hides, J Hamnett & Son; 8 rolls leather, W Flaccus & Son; 5 do do, S Keys; 10 doz brooms W M Gormly; 1 car scrap iron, Loyd & Black; 1 car oats, W J Meek; 32 sks oats, Little & Baird; 50 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 41 cks pearls, Bakewell, Pears & Co; 19 hhds tobacco, W & D Rinehart; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins & Bro; 5 bbls whisky, 5 do gin, J S Finch; 200 sks flour, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 4 bales broom corn, R J McGowan; 10 bxs crackers, Kramer & Bohn; 5 bbls spirits, S H Watson.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 30.—1 car iron ore, Hailman & H; 1 car spec wash ore, Bryan & Caughey; 2 cars limestone ore, Hussey, Wells & Co; 3 do pig iron, 1 do billets, Nimick & Co; 100 bbls lime, Fahnestock, F & Co; 1 car lumber, P R Mertz; 10 cases tobacco, E Heazleton; 36 bxs boots, W M Linton; 16 bdls paper, F Woods; 5 crates, 50 bxs starch, Rinehart & Stevens; 1 car oats & rye, Keil & Ritchart; 88 sks oats, Graham & Marshall; 4 bbls oat meal, Totten & Co; 36 bdls chairs, 32 do seats, 9 do stock, Bedford Chair Co; 8 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 4 do do, Godfrey & Clark; 366 sks ear corn, McBane & Anjer; 34 bbls apples, Van Gorder & S; 11 do do, Springer & Co; 24 do do, H Rea Jr; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 2 cars millfeed, J Dorrington; 20 bbls oil, F Sellers; 15 do vinegar, J Conner.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 30.—6 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 20 sks oats, W Hagan; 30 sks feed, F G Craighead; 10 firkins butter, 2 bbls eggs, W H Graff; 29 sks oats, T Mitchell; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Co; 100 do do, T C Jenkins; 30 bbls oil, B L Fahnestock; 1 car ear corn, D B Herron; 2 do staves, J Painter; 1 do do, Lindsey, McC; 1 do bulk meat, Frank Sellers; 1 car Wheat, Scott & Gisell; 1 do staves, Wm Hastings; 176 sks rye, W J Meek.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 29,—3 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 do railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 1 car metal, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, McKnight P & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead; 720 bbls oil, Fisher Bro; 1 pkg butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 6 pkgs potatoes, Vangorder & Shepard; 8 rolls leather, Geo Lining; 1 car stone, Harrison & Co; 1 do grain, Masters, Brickell & Co; 3 pkgs butter, Bruggerman & O'Brien.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 29.—3 cars iron ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzeil; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 4 do do, Kennedy Bro; 1 car stoneware, G A Diehlinan; 50 bdls felloes, J Herdinan; 28 bdls sdodes, F Simpson; 56 bgs oats, R Knox & Son; 6 bbls tallow, Jas Collery; 1 car shingles, Boyd & Son; 2 bbls eggs Beckfield & Niehouse; 1 car stone, S A Long.

RIVER PACKETS.

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MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about at a stand here last evening with five feet three inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. There has evidently been heavy rains at the headwaters of the Allegheny again, as it was reported rising at Oil City yesterday with five feet at that point. Weather was cloudy last evening with indications of rain.

The New State arrived and departed for Wheeling, and the Kenton departed for Portsmouth. The Kenton had considerable Cincinnati freight.

Capt. Rea's new boat is progressing finely and will soon be ready for business. She is a very neat and staunch looking craft.

—Capt. Sam Barr Jr., left Cincinnati for this city on Wednesday.

—The Argosy was to have left Cincinnati for this port on Thursday.

—The Mollie Ebert and Glendale were advertised to leave St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

—Howard Sheble, an old and well known engineer, died at St. Louis last Saturday. He was unmarried.

—Capt. Isaac M. Mason, of the Northern Line Packet Company, left Dubuque the other day for Brownsville, his early home.

—The Government Commissioners have stopped the work on the bridge at Rock Island until the contractors conclude to comply with the law in regard to the span of the bridge.

—The St. Louis *Republican* says: Captain McConnell, clerk of the Arkansas, arrived in town Monday from Fort Benton. He staged it from Benton to Corinne, a distance of 600 miles, and as a consequence, feels rather un-seat-eled.

—The Northern Line packet Keithsburg, Capt. Campbell, made the trip from Rock Island to Muscatine (32 miles) in 2 hours and 7 minutes; to the city of Keithsburg (66 miles) in 5 hours and 49 minutes, and to Burlington (92 miles) in 7 hours and 10 minutes; making several landings and taking on board two car-loads of freight on the trip. This trip is making a good deal of talk among river men, and is considered, on all hands, pretty good time for a slow boat.

—Captain H. T. Dexter, of the Quickstep, has turned over the command of that steamer at Evansville to Captain Jack Grammar. The *Courier* of Tuesday says Captain Dexter does not propose to be idle. "This morning he will leave for Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh to contract for a new boat, which will probably be put in the Evansville and Memphis trade. At whichever of the above-named ports he can derive the best bargain, he will close the contract.

—The late conference of river men at Dubuque was to propare for the transfer of travel and freight, in case the river improvements cut them off, as is expected at Campbell's Chain, about August 1st. This chain is about eight miles above Davenport. The coffer dam rests on Campbell's Island, and will enclose the huge mass of solid granite known as as Campbell's Rock, an obstruction well-known to river men. The shore of Campbell's Island will form one side of this inclosure, running from thence out in the river about 1,200 feet, then down the river about 1,500 feet, and thence back to the Island. The dam will be almost similar in shape to that which surrounds Sycamore Chain, and will inclose about thirty-five acres of the river bed. It is intended to blast out the rock and remove the dam this season.

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PROCLAMATION.

The qualified voters of the First ward, City of Allegheny will meet at the usual time and place for holding elections, on TUESDAY, August 3d, 1869, to ELECT ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Samuel H. Hartman, Esq., Select Councilman, resigned. Also, ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Henry M. Long, Esq., Common Councilman, resigned.

SIMON DRUM, Mayor.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 23, 1869.
jy23:m53

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No. 271 Liberty Street,
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INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE
BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,
Of Allegheny, Pa.,
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL	$100,000.00
ASSETS.	
Stock Notes	$ 75,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405.00
Cash on hand	1,660.02
	$109,231.34
RECEIPTS.	
Premium	$ 15,719 37
Interest	2,783 41
	$18,502.78
DISBURSEMENT.	
Dividends	$ 5,000.00
Losses paid	1,709 00
Office expense, taxes and stamps	4,036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.91
	$11,569 92
Amount of outstanding risks	$1,349,862.00

jy24:m56-TTHS

THE IRON CITY
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
Of Pennsylvania.
Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.
DIRECTORS:
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ap10:c35

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Capital All Paid Up.
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ap2:g67

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ap6

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North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh28:w15

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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By the week 15	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15
(from carrier.)		and one to Agent.

SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:
JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

◆

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Scramblers, Iced Tea and Miscellany. Third and Sixth pages: Financial and Commercial, Petroleum Market, Markets by Telegraph, Stock Markets, Iron Market, Produce Market, Imports, and River News. Seventh page: The Eclipse, Spain, Miscellaneous and News Matter.*

◆

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50½f.

◆

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88¼.

◆

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 136@136⅛.

◆

VINDICATED.

Following close on the nomination of Mr. J. S. RUTAN, by the Republican Conferees of the Washington-Beaver District, rumors were set afloat to the effect that corrupt uses of money had secured that gentleman the place. These rumors finally moulded into an open, direct and specific charge that a Washington member of the Conference had sold out his vote to Mr. RUTAN's friends for a stated sum of money. So long as common rumor only charged so serious a thing to the account of a candidate for the people's honor and trust, we were content to pay no attention to the matter; but we could not, in justice to ourselves, our journal and its readers, remain silent when a specific charge was made, and knowing but one and the only proper course to pursue, gave place in these columns to the rumor in the definite shape it had assumed, and demanded, for the common good and general honesty of politics, that a rigid and thoroughly searching investigation should be made of the truth or falsity of the very serious accusation. This course we would most assuredly again pursue under similar circumstances, believing that the interests of a great political party should not be jeopardized either by bad men who may buy their nominations in its ranks, or by permitting false and malicious charges of corruption aimed directly to the mark, to gain the strength of truth by passing unheeded and unmet. Parties, like individuals, can afford to be honest and just, and should at all times be jealous of a fair reputation, and more especially at a time when the air is loaded with vague, uncertain and unwarranted accusations of corruption in and out of political and public life. We, in common with all right thinking persons of whatever shade of politics, frown upon any attempt to attach odium to individuals and degrade them in public estimation by setting afloat grave but general charges of dishonesty; nevertheless, when any one of these rumors fastens like a hook of steel to an individual, or set of individuals, let it be met fairly and squarely no matter who may be sacrificed or drawn down into shame if the developments be damaging. Hence, we have no apology to offer for any publications which have appeared in connection with the alleged RUTAN corruption. As painful as the mere accrediting, by acknowledging the existence of the rumor, may have been to those against whom the imputations were so clearly made, still it was our duty to help bring about the investigation which was held in our city yesterday, a report of the proceedings of which we herewith attach:

To the Republican Executive Committees of Washington and Beaver Counties:

The undersigned, Committee from the two counties appointed to investigate the charges of bribery and corruption alleged to have been practiced in procuring the nomination of the Hon. J. S. RUTAN, at the Senatorial Conference held at Pittsburgh on the 30th day of June last, beg leave respectfully to report:

That we met jointly and organized by by making J. R. Wilson, M. D., of Washington, Chairman, and substituting Boyd Crumrine, Esq., in place of W. S. White, Esq., who was absent. We then called before us the rival candidates, Mr. McCracken and Mr. Rutan, their Conferees and other gentlemen who were present at the Conference referred to, all of whom submitted themselves to a full and careful examination. The testimony failed to show that the nomination of Mr. Rutan was brought about by the use of any corrupt or improper means, either in money or other advantage offered to or accepted by either Mr. McCracken or his Conferees.

As the result of the investigation we therefore willingly unite in recommending the ratification of Mr. Rutan's nomination and his cordial support by the Republicans of the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District.

JOHN R. WILSON,
A. G. CLEAVER,
BOYD CRUMRINE,
JAMES PATTERSON,
JOHN CAUGHEY,
SAMUEL J. CROSS.

The vindication is complete. The gentlemen attaching their names to the report embrace all charged with the duty of investigation, and they were selected because of their acknowledged honor, honesty and veracity, representing fully and fairly the constituency Mr. RUTAN will now undoubtedly himself represent in the next Senate. Of previous unblemished reputation and high moral standing, Mr. RUTAN emerges from under the cloud of calumny with name and fame made brighter in the contact. We now unhesitatingly commend him to the undivided and hearty support of the voters of his district, believing that he is worthy the largest measure of confidence they can repose in him. Had the investigation resulted otherwise, we should have been the first to have demanded his removal from the ticket, but we are glad that that unpleasant duty has not to be performed and hope that the ranks may be cemented together again in Washington and Beaver counties, and that, with but one desire, the success of the Republican party and a fresh triumph of its principles, they will march in solid phalanx on the enemy and help secure the brilliant State victory awaiting us in October.

◆

OUR SHIP CANAL.

The city of Erie is not merely the only lake port which Pennsylvania has, but it is the best harbor to be found on any of the great lakes. Nature has there made a bay, large and safe enough to protect a mighty fleet during the most terrible tempests. Buffalo and Cleveland, with no natural harbors, have grown to be large cities, while Erie for a while languished a dead village on the shore. The reasons for this were these. Cleveland was bold enough to embark her capital and her municipal credit in building the railroads giving it connections in every direction. (The produce of the West could be brought cheaply by water there and thence by rail to Pittsburgh and Philadelphia; and Pittsburgh and Philadelphia capitalists had more to do with starting Cleveland handsomely on her career than any one else.) New York, with its great Central road, with its grades so easy that one locomotive can haul twice as much freight at the same cost as two can over the Pennsylvania mountains, built Buffalo. That road, pushing out for western connections, found it more profitable to run through the great State of Ohio to Cleveland, than to stop in the little, isolated, friendless chimney corner at Erie. Thus Erie was left to herself. First, she tried to force the great roads leading east and west to change their gauges there and give her what little advantage she could gain from that; but this policy was not successful, and the little town was left to languish by herself. But she had one great ship-owner who brought his vessels all into her port, and presently the newly discovered petroleum of the neighboring counties found an outlet there. Then, after much difficulty, the Erie and Pittsburgh road was completed to the Mahoning valley, which brought a good trade to the lake; then iron began to be mined near Lake Superior, and much of the ore came to Erie to be re-shipped to the Pennsylvania furnaces, so that she has now grown to four times the population she had a few years ago. Yet, although the city has thus grown and is prosperous, she complains bitterly that she has been constantly overlooked or ignored by the rest of the State, and her complaints are not groundless. As long as Pittsburgh interests did not tend that way, these complaints had not much attention, but, now that there is a grand opportunity to do ourselves an everlasting good by helping her, we might well remember that she is in our own Commonwealth, and deserving of our kindest considerations.

Two or three millions of dollars would enlarge the Erie and Beaver canal sufficiently to allow of the passage of vessels, loaded with ore at Marquette, through to the Ohio, and freight of all sorts could thus have a way opened to the Mississippi and the Gulf. Erie would become one of the most important ports on the lakes, and Pittsburgh would reap a rich commercial harvest.

There is no subject on which Pittsburghers are more fond of expatiating than on the injustice and monopoly of railroads. There are no ways in which Pittsburgh can so certainly reduce freights, and control and increase her trade, as by the building of this ship-canal, and the improvement of the Ohio river. With the canal, our iron-men could get their ore much cheaper, and with slack-water navigation on the Ohio, they could rule their western railroads. Already Ohio and even Illinois are agitating the question of ship-canals from the rivers to the lakes. If Pennsylvania comes first into the field, much of the lake trade will be directed this way. If the first canal is built farther west, we may be obliged to see business that we could have controlled going to other places, and the heavy iron trade of the west in other hands. The trade of Pittsburgh has seen brighter days than to-day, but the returning light seems to shine through this project of a ship-canal. Erie is clamorous for it, and ready to do her share, but upon Pittsburgh chiefly rests the burden of deciding whether or not it shall be a speedily accomplished fact.

◆

PARTISAN BASENESS.

The Philadelphia *Age*, unfairly accusing Judge H. W. WILLIAMS upon a charge of which the people of Pennsylvania know that he is innocent, has been admonished of its mistake. It persists in the baseless charge, and takes thus the responsibility for an intentional slander. The *Age* disputes facts which are as potent, to the people of the Commonwealth, as the sun-light, and twists through every tortuous expedient known to convicted but obstinate falsifiers to escape from the pressure of an honest condemnation. It even claims a shameless distinction as the first inventor of the falsehood which the Pittsburgh *Post* has echoed. These unscrupulous journalists know that HENRY W. WILLIAMS never did, by word or deed, professionally or otherwise, ought which could justify their accusations. Yet had they the hardihood to assert such a direct complicity against him. They charge him in express words as having been "the leader of the Allegheny County repudiators, *the open advocate of that Radical schism.*" Convicted of false witness against a citizen who was *never* a leader of repudiators nor an open advocate of repudiation, nor even a secret sympathizer with that "scheme," these prints are not capable of so much decency as to withdraw the charge. They go still lower into the very mire of partisanship. They write themselves foolish as well as knavish. What do they say now? That the Judge was a Republican; that he had a large Republican majority in this County; that the people of the County disputed and resisted the obligation of their bonds; therefore, the Judge *must* have concurred therein! And that is all they have to say! What a contemptible get-off! That is the proof to convict him of being a "*leader* of repudiators," and "*an open advocate of repudiation!*" A lame evasion to sustain a bold indictment! The cowardly dodge of branded slanderers to sneak out of reach of the public contempt! Partisan journalism could not well be more scampish!

HENRY W. WILLIAMS was *not* a leader of repudiators; he was *not* an open advocate of repudiation; he was *not* openly or secretly in any way a friend to repudiation of any sort. Is that specific?

The Philadelphia *Age* and the Pittsburgh *Post*, confounding him with another Williams, first uttered a reckless slander, and, convicted of that, then take refuge in a baker's dozen of fresh falsifications. It is only the blunder that humiliates them; questions of veracity give them no concern whatever.

◆

How Cass was Beaten.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: Up almost to the time when the balloting commenced the Cass men counted on eighty or eighty-one votes, and only awoke to a sense of the "sell." that had been practiced upon them, when it was too late to change the unlooked-for condition of affairs. The game, under the management of M'Mullin and his co-workers, had been played adroitly and well, and won; and Cass and the friends of Cass who, two weeks before the Convention met, and up to the last hour previous to the ballot, were confident of his nomination, found themselves foiled and defeated at every point by the irresistible argument, in words and coin, brought to bear by the redoubtable Fourth ward Alderman and the persuasive suggestions of the agent of the New York interest, that immaculate and radical Democrat, the notorious Brick Pomeroy.

◆

The Temperance Question in Ohio.

The Convention of the State Temperance Alliance, which sat at Urbana, Ohio, resolved, Wednesday, that it is inexpedient to attempt the formation of a temperance party for political purposes at the present time. "The wisdom of this action of the convention," remarks the Cincinnati *Gazette*, "will be apparent to all sensible and practical men, however earnest may be their desire for the advancement of the temperance cause. It is plain that the only effect of a third party movement now, if it should amount to anything, would be to throw the State into the hands of that organization which is, of the two prominent parties, the more inimical to any reform in the matter of intemperance."

◆

—The town of Detroit, on the Kansas Pacific Road, was entirely destroyed by a fierce hail and wind storm, on Tuesday night. The wind blew down all the buildings in the town, leaving the inhabitants in the morning on the bare prairie, literally houseless.

◆

—Mr. Frederick Strader, a farmer, about fifty years of age, residing near Elmira, N. Y., is undergoing an examination before the Recorder of that city, on the charge of causing the death of an infant child of a young woman who lived in his family in the capacity of a servant.

◆

—Mrs. Caroline Hamlin and infant were fatally burned Thursday afternoon, at New York, by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. Her husband was also badly burned in endeavoring to save his family.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Bishop Stevens, of the Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania, well known in this community for his pulpit ability, at the recent Commencement of Hobart College, Geneva, delivered the Baccalaureate sermon. It was a masterly performance, and adds lustre to the Bishop's reputation as a divine of the most approved Evangelical type. After alluding to the confused idea of blended greatness and goodness of our Lord, in the minds of many really devout and good meaning persons, leading them to adore Him while they have little definite notion of this greatness and goodness, he proceeded to set forth Christ as the perfect Master, and showed that a proper knowledge of the Son of God was not beneath the dignity of the human mind, as he has been the greatest stimulus which the intellectual world has ever received. Around His person, His doctrines, His Church, have been concentrated the highest and holiest minds of earth. He has given birth to more truth, called out more thoughts, stimulated more nerve, dissipated more darkness, radiated more light than all other men, all other minds. He has given to intellect its birthright of immortality, and hence made it zealous in the training and equiping of its powers. His doctrines are the germ-principles of the world's civilization. His lessons of sympathy have dotted the earth with institutions of charity and love. His teachings give the basis to law and government. His words rivet the bands of domestic and social life. Take Christ out of history and history would be a chaos of facts without a principle. Take Him from life and life becomes aimless like that of the brutes which perish.

The *Christian Intelligencer* announces that the Rev. M. B. Riddle, son of Rev. Dr. Riddle, formerly of the Third Presbyterian Church, in this city, owing to ill health, has been compelled to resign the pastorate of the Second (Dutch) church of Newark, New Jersey. The Consistory of the church expressed regret at his resignation, accompanying the resolutions with a handsome purse of money. Mr. Riddle, with his family, will sail for Germany next week.

The First Congregational church, in Chicago, has commenced the erection of a new structure, which is to cost eighty thousand dollars, have twenty-three hundred sittings, and accommodate the poor as well as the rich.

The *Independent* says Rev. George Trask, the widely-known "anti-tobacco" apostle, is prostrated by severe illness, and therefore unable to attend to his correspondence.

It is stated that a prayer meeting formed at Newburyport, October 12, 1814, has been continued ever since.

Rev. A. C. McClelland, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church of this city, has been appointed Secretary of the Freedmen's Committee, recently held by Rev. S. C. Logan, who enters the active work of the ministry.

According to the *Banner* of this city, it has been proposed to hold a Convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of Pennsylvania some time in October.

Father Hyacinth, of Paris, one of the most influential Roman Catholic priests in France, recently delivered an address before the Peace Society, in which, among other bold and noteworthy utterances, he said: "There are three religious in this world, the Jewish, the Catholic, and the Protestant, and all three are equal in the eyes of God." A correspondent writes that "thunders of applause" cheered the eloquent priest, as he thus frankly declared his religious views.

The officers of the Union for publishing the "Baptist Version" of the Bible, are now seeking to circulate large numbers of their new version of the Scriptures among the colored people of the South. An exchange says in order to familiarize the people with the new translation, they have introduced into the schools of the Freedmen small books for beginners in reading, the lessons of which are made up of selections from the new version.

The *Christian Advocate*, published at New York, announces the name, place and date of fifty-five camp-meetings, to be held mainly during the month of August.

Telegrams reported last Monday that General Grant and family had attended divine service the preceding day at the Methodist Episcopal church at Long Branch, the celebrated watering-place. We have since learned that Bishop Simpson occupied the pulpit on that occasion.

Rev. Dr. Luckey, at one time editor of the New York *Christian Advocate*, has spent over *fifty-eight* years in the effective work of the ministry. Though seventy-nine years old, he says his health is as good as thirty years ago. At Rochester, his home, he regularly preaches *three times each Sunday.*

The *Advance* represents that flowers are placed on the desk of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's pulpit every Sunday, summer and winter. They cost three hundred dollars a year, and he thinks it a good investment.

According to the *Church Journal*, the results of the late Chicago Episcopal Conference, sum up as follows: The first resolution means "Agitate," the second means "cut loose from the regularly constituted and authorized society of our own Church," and the third means "unite and co-operate with those who are not of our own Church."

We are gratified to see that the Baptist Convention of Connecticut has petitioned the Legislature that divorce be allowed *only for adultery and wilful desertion*, and that a second marriag between the guilty party and the partner of his guilt be forbidden, as the crime is often committed in order to secure a divorce. The law ought to be "divorce only for adultery" and nothing else. Let all the different denominations move in this matter and rebuke this terrible evil of divorces on unscriptural grounds.

Since the introduction of the envelope system into St. James Episcopal Church, Milwaukee, the annual income from the Church, containing only seventy-eight pews, has for the last three years averaged nearly three thousand dollars. The pledges ranged from ten cents to ten dollars per Sunday.

In the list of Episcopal Appointments in the *American Churchman*, we find Bishop Kerfoot, of the Pittsburgh Diocese, has made the following: Christ church, Allegheny city, August 5; Kittanning Convocation, Sept. 1 and 2; Freeport, Sept. 3; St. Pauls Church, Pittsburgh, Sept. 5. Appointments are also announced for various churches in the Diocese, extending till October. During part of August the Bishop is to perform Episcopal services in the Diocese of Maryland.

◆

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Late Storm.

The following account of the storm which visited this locality Monday night last, we clip from the Steubenville *Herald* of Tuesday:

The storm which visited this city last night was one of unprecedented fury, although no serious damage was sustained. Hail fell with the torrents of rain, and the wind blew such a hurricane that fears were entertained that much damage would be done the fruit. The storm came from the southwest, and struck the river above the city; where it spent its fury along the stream. About nine o'clock, with the swiftness of a tornado, it swept over Wellsville, blowing down trees and doing considerable damage to the fruit. Noyes's circus, exhibiting at the time, suffered considerable damage. The wind tore the canvass to shreds, blew out the lights and produced a scene of the utmost consternation. Women and children screamed, horses snorted and the audience rushed panic stricken from the enclosure. Willie Cook, the favorite bare-back rider, was in the ring at the time, and had his arm broken by a fall from a frightened animal. A lady in the audience on one of the upper seats, was thrown to the ground, breaking her shoulder blade. A number of other persons were more or less injured. The circus company went back to Pittsburgh this morning for repairs. The old canvass was so badly torn as to be utterly worthless.

Noyes' circus appears to be unfortuate in this respect, as it suffered serious damage from the storm of Wednesday night at East Liberty. The canvass was torn down and one or two persons severely injured.

Incendiary Convicted.

The Uniontown, Pa., *Genius of Liberty* says: Elihu Gregg, who has been convicted of burning the Court House at Kingwood, Preston county, West Virginia, the 12th inst., is a native of Fayette county, and is a son of Nimrod Gregg, deceased, who resided near Merrittstown, and three miles from Brownsville. The Morgantown *Constitution* says of the trial: "As far as we can learn, the evidence was entirely circumstantial, no direct evidence in the case having been elicited. There was a strong feeling of prejudice against the poor wretch, and an impartial jury was found with some difficulty." We learn from other sources that the court sentenced the prisoner to the State prison, but that the Governor would not agree to the sentence, but issued a death warrant. We know nothing of the laws of West Virginia, but presume that the court had no power to do otherwise than sentence the prisoner to death, and hence we presume that the above story is incorrect. Mr. Gregg is an old man somewhere near sixty years of age. He was a millwright by trade and has done many jobs of work in this county. The connections of the unfortunate man are all respectable and worthy people.

Murder in Cambria County.

We take the following from the Ebensburg *Alleghenian:* At Fry's Mill, Susquehanna township, Cambria county, two men, Lewis Holtzner and Philip Phalon, employes, were engaged burning slabs and refuse stuff. The work was monotonous, and "to make the time pass away" a gallon of whisky was introduced. The result was that Holtzner and Phalon became intoxicated and were speedily engaged in a quarrel. Words led to blows, and during the fracas, as is alleged, Holtzner stabbed Phalon seven times with a pocket-knife. One cut took effect on the arm, one on the thigh, one on the top of the head, and four in the breast. One of the latter penetrated the heart to the depth of one inch, causing death almost instantly. Holtzner was arrested the same night, and was committed to jail next day. A brother of Holtzner's was also arrested and lodged in jail, charged with having incited the quarrel and furnishing the knife with which the cutting was done.

What Will the Charge Be?

Mary Marks made information before a south side magistrate, yesterday, against her husband, John Marks, in which he is charged as follows: Habitual drunkenness, disorderly and abusive language, beating and abusing his wife, abandoning and refusing to support her, and desertion. If the case should come before the grand jury we would like to know how the indictment would read. It is quite evident that the magistrate is not after costs or he would have made at least half a dozen cases out of these charges. Some of our aldermen would have made double that, and collected full costs in every case.

Scene at the Treasurer's Office.

Yesterday afternoon quite a number of persons having assembled at the Treasurer's office, awaiting their "turns" to pay their taxes, an incident occurred which relieved the monotony of waiting. Two women having come in about the same time got into a dispute as to which came in first, and after quarreling for some minutes got into a squabble, which attracted the attention of one of the clerks, when he found them with their hands in each other's hair, pulling lustily. He immediately separated the pair, received their taxes and they departed.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Milton Alden, patentee of several agricultural implements, was caught in a revolving wheel at his establishment at Auburn, N.Y., yesterday, and instantly killed.

—A boy named Wilber Montez was drowned in the Ohio river at Madison, Ind., yesterday, while bathing. Several robberies of a small character were committed there Thursday night.

—The citizens of South Orange, New York, are engaged in a search for David Bryan, a negro, who attempted an outrage on Wednesday on a five year old daughter of James Kively. He will be hung if caught.

—The American Philological Association, in session at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., adjourned sine die yesterday. The next meeting will take place in Rochester, July 26th, 1870. A valuable Philological library has been presented to the Association.

—The effort by the Good Templars to enforce the Sunday liquor law, at Buffalo, New York, resulted in two of the informers before the police commissioners being attacked and maltreated in the streets by some indignant tipplers.

—Mr. Myer, of New York, his wife, and a young lady whose name could not be ascertained, employed as governess in the family, were drowned Thursday while surfing at Southampton, L. I. The bodies were picked up on shore yesterday morning.

—A dispatch from Atchison, Kansas, says: The Leavenworth, Atchinson and Northwestern Railroad will certainly be completed and in operation, in connection with the Missouri Pacific Road, September first, when cars will run through from Atchison to St. Louis, without change.

—Thursday night burglars entered the store of A. J. Bird & Co., at Rockland, Me., blew open the safe and got one hundred dollars in currency. There were two thousand three hundred dollars in bonds in the safe. It is supposed the burglars were alarmed before the completion of their job.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—Cotton; receipts to-day 70 bales, for the week 529 bales: exports for the week: coastwise 1,071 bales; stock 5,778 bales; sales for the week 1,357 bales, to-day 52 bales; middlings 32½c. Gold 136. Sterling 50. New York Sight drafts ⅜@½ premium. Flour dull; superfine $5,75, double extra $6,50, treble extra $6,75. Corn easier; white $1,20. Oats 74c. Bran $1,05. Hay scarce; prime $32,50. Pork dull; asking $35,50. Bacon firmer; shoulders 15¾@16c, clear rib 19¼@19½c, and clear sides 19¾@20c. Lard; tierce 20@21c, kegs 22@23c. Sugar; common 11@12c, prime 14c. Molasses; fermenting 63c. Whisky unchanged. Coffee dull; fair 14⅞@15¼c, prime 16¼@17c.

CHICAGO, July, 30.—At open board the closing sales of wheat were at $1,34⅛@1,35 cash; $1,33, seller August, and $1,34¼@1,34½, seller first half November. Corn closed at 85c, seller August, and 86½@87c, seller last half. Oats sold at 50¾c, seller August. In the evening markets ruled steady at closing rates. At afternoon board nothing was done in lake freights or provisions.

NASHVILLE, July 20.—Cotton quiet; low middling 30½c; good ordinary 29½c. Flour $7@7,50 for best brands. Wheat active; red $1,10@1,15; amber $1,20@1,25; white $1,25@1,30.

◆

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED—ATTESTED BY OVER FIFTY WITNESSES.

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suffering not only with diseases of the eyes, and partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic ailments which Dr. Keyser has treated with such astounding success.

The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been vouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the young lady's brother speaks for itself:

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mother sends her thanks to you: she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

S. P. FISHER,
North Sewickley.

We, the undersigned know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor avenue. Allegheny.
EUGENE McCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

S. H. Brown.
H. N. Teckle.
E. W. Levendorfer,
C. S. Swineburg
Wm. Alison,
J. Levendorfer,
A. Gardner.
A. M. Morrison
Isabella Dobbs,
G. Fisher (br'r)
T. M. Mahead,
Mary J. Brown,
Mary J. Weller,
Wm. H. Morton
C. M. Wilson.
Jennie Patten,
Sadie E. Dobbs,
I. Dobbs.
Philip Friday
A. H. Carroll,
Michael Harris,
Susan Lemmax,
ElizaLevendorfer,
J. F. Mitchell.
G. Levendorfer
Robt Mahead,
N. Funkhouser,
Lizzie Mahead,
Thos. Mahead,
Jane A. Morton
N. H. Hazen,
Ezra Hazen,
Mary E. Wilson
Martha Patten,
JennieE. Dobbs
Wm. R. Pence,
Rachel Friday,
Wm. Jenkins,
J. A. Fleming,
Eliza Hyde,
T. L. Young,
A. M. Levendorfer,
J. F. Morrison,
C. Mahead,
D. Fisher,
Tillie Mahead,
Leon Allison,
J. C. Weller,
MaryH. Morton
Jennie Wilson,
Mary Patten.
James Patten,
J. W. Dobbs,
J. C. Fisher,
Williamina Fisher, (her mother.)

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Ears Rupture, Variococele, Enlarged Limbs, Broken Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully treated.

DR. KEYSER, may be consulted every day until 12 o'clock, at his store, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 5 o'clock at his office, No. 120 Penn street.

◆

ROUSE THE SYSTEM.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease: they suffer no positive pain; but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterward into a more pitiable condition than ever, (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to,) but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experiences of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **THE FIRST METHODIST** CHURCH, (Railroad Street, near Depot,) NEW BRIGHTON, Pa. S. F. CROWTHER, Pastor. Preaching EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

☞ **CHRIST EPISCOPAL** CHURCH, ALLEGHENY.—The Rev. BENJ. F. BROOKE, Rector, will officiate at divine service in this Church on TO MORROW at half-past ten o'clock A. M., and half-past seven o'clock P. M.

☞ **FIRST ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH**, Seventh street—Rev. SAMUEL LAIRD, Pastor. Services TO-MORROW (Sunday,) and regularly hereafter, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

☞ **THE SERVICES CONNECTED** with the dedication of the FIRST U. P. CHURCH of Allegheny, situated on Herron avenue, will be held on TO-MORROW. Sermon in the morning by the pastor, Rev. J. I. Pressly, D.D. In the afternoon by Rev. A. D. Clark D.D., and in the evening by Rev. D. R. Kerr, D.D.

☞ **RELIGIOUS.—First Christian** CHURCH, corner Beaver street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny City, JOSEPH KING, Pastor. Public worship TO-MORROW, (Lord's Day,) at 10½ in the MORNING and 7½ in the EVENING.

Free Seats, and a cordial invitation given to all. Sunday school at 9 A. M.

☞ **"MESSIAH" LUTHERAN** CHURCH, NINTH STREET.—There will be no preaching in this church to-morrow. The pastor, Rev. J. H. W. Stuckenberg, will preach by invitation in the THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Sixth avenue, at 10½ A. M. Members and friends of this congregation are cordially invited to be present and join in the exercises.

☞ **FIRST CHRISTIAN** CHURCH OF PITTSBURGH, W. S. Gray, Pastor, meets statedly in NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets. Services every Lord's Day at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for Morning discourse: CHRISTIAN ASSURANCE, or the Evidence of Pardon. To be followed by the administration of Baptism.

The public are cordially invited.

☞ **THE FIRST METHODIST** CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. ALEX. CLARK, Pastor. Preaching EVERY SABBATH, at 10.30 A. M. "Creation Conditioned in the Divine Reason" is the general subject of a series of Sabbath Evening Lectures by the pastor. Special topics as follows: A Lawless World, July 4; Atmospheres of Chance, July 11; Waters that Might Have Been, July 18; Satanic Light, July 25; Imageless Humanity, Aug. 1; Fortuitous Animals, Aug. 8; Reason in Bondage, Aug. 15; Accidental Religion, Aug. 22; Christ the True Interpreter, Aug. 29.

Free seats and welcome to all.

NOTICE.—By mutual consent the Co partnership of PARK, McCURDY & CO., is this day, July 31st, dissolved.

DAVID E. PARK.
JOHN McCURDY.
JAMES PARK, JR.

DAVID E. PARK and JAMES PARK, JR., having purchased the interest of Mr. JOHN McCURDY in the late firm, will continue the business of

Manufacturing Copper,

Under the name and style of

PARK & CO.

In retiring from the business I take pleasure in recommending the new firm of PARK & CO. to the confidence of the public.

JOHN McCURDY.

JULY 31st, 1869. jy31:m84

STATEMENT OF THE
CONDITION OF
PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK,
On 30th July, 1869.

Published by order of the Board of Trustees in accordance with Section 9 of the Charter.

Cash on hands	$ 33,987.92
Expenses and office furniture	2,707.88
Bonds, Mortgages, and other valid securities	424,452.36
Real Estate	854.63
	$462,002.79
Capital Stock authorized, $300,000.	
Capital Stock instalments called in and paid	$ 157,900.00
Premiums and interest	28,339.22
Dividends unclaimed	30.00
Deposit account	275,733.57
	$462,002.79

S. F. VON BONNHORST,
TREASURER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me. Witness my hand and Notarial Seal this 30th day of July, A. D. 1869.

GEORGE W. MURPHY,
jy31:m92 Notary Public.

IRON AND STEEL.

THREE NEW BOOKS.

IRON—Its History, Properties and Processes of Manufacture. By WM. FAIRBURN, C. E., &c. Third Edition. Revised, $5 25.

IRON AND STEEL—Elasticity, Extensibility and Tensile Strength. By KNAT STYFFE, with a Preface by Percy. $6.00.

IRON AND STEEL MANUFACTURE. Papers on the Manufacture and Properties of Iron and Steel. By FERDINAND KOHN, C. E. $15.

FOR SALE BY

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

jy24:FSM 93 WOOD STREET.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEN AND BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices. Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits; Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks; Gents' Alpaca Sacks; Gents' White and Brown Duet Suits; Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits. Clothing of all kinds at

GRAY & LOGAN'S,
jy30 No. 47 Sixth street, (late St Clair.)

JOB PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

One of the longest established and most complete Job Printing offices in the city, is offered for sale on the most favorable terms. It embraces all the machinery and types necessary for Book and Job Printing in all branches. There are four steam power presses; steam engine and boiler; poster, card and book type; and a complete German Job Office, the materials for which are almost new. The office is complete in every respect, and has a large and profitable business. The establishment will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars apply at the COMMERCIAL OFFICE, or address Box 317 Pittsbergh, Pa.

jy29:m80

NOTICE.—My wife MARGE SKILES, having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, notice is hereby given to all persons not to trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from this date.

JOHN SKILES,
Franklin township, Allegheny county, Pa.
PITTSBURGH, July 29, 1869. jy30:m85

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
jy20:TTHS Principal.

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco Imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

LARD OIL—10 barrels No. 1 now landing, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HEMP.—24 bales Kentucky in store and for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. jy31:m18

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.— Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN QUINN, Esq., late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the Estate will please make prompt payment, and those having claims against the same will present them immediately to

MARY QUINN, Adm'x.,
or to CHAS. B. KENNY,
jy31:m91 Attorney at Law, 89 Grant St.

PROPOSALS FOR SCHOOL BUILDING.—Sealed Proposals for the erection of a BRICK SCHOOL HOUSE, in and for the Borough of Millvale, will be received until TUESDAY, AUGUST 10TH, 1869, at 4 P. M. Bids for the whole job, or separate bids for the excavation and stone work, brick and carpenter work, plastering and painting will be considered.

Plans and specifications may be examined at office of Millvale Iron Works, Bennett Station, West Penna. R. R.

The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all the bids. By order of the Board

jy31:m89 C. A. BURROWS, Sec'y.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE.

The elegant new two story, pressed brick front, at present occupied by J. S. Bell, Beach street, Second ward, Allegheny. The house contains 11 rooms, with attic, wash house with stationary tubs, stable and coach house, side yard and garden. The house is finished in the very best style, with inside shutters marble mantles and hearths, marble wash stands, Graff, Hugus & Co's furnace, Cincinnati range in kitchen, speaking tubes, pantries, and every convenience necessary for a first-class residence. For terms apply to

J. S. BELL.

jy31:m90 Bates & Bell's, or on the premises.

NIGHT CAPS! NIGHT CAPS!

LADIES' WHITE NETTED LACE NIGHT CAPS, a very desirable and cheap article,

AT PHELAN'S.

MEN'S WHITE AND COLORED COTTON NIGHT CAPS.

INFANTS, LADIES' AND GENTS GAUZE MERINO UNDERWEAR.

SILK SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

LISLE THREAD SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

AT JAMES PHELAN'S

Old Stand Stocking Store,

No. 24 FIFTH AVENUE.

jy31:s

S. A. CLARKE & CO.'S

Weekly Register of New Books.

The Ladies' Book of Needlework, including Embroidery, Braiding, Knitting, Crotchet, &c., with sixty-four new designs in colors	$7 50
Cyclopoedic Science Simplified, by J. H. Pepper, profusely illustrated, 600 engravings	4 50
Carlyle's Life of Schiller, 1 vol. 8vo	3 75
Stier's Words of the Apostles, 1 vol. 8vo	3 50
Gleanings from French Gardens, comprising an account of such features of French Horticulture as are most worthy of adoption	3 00
Harvey's Painted Windows	2 00
Bright's Speeches, paper	75
McKenzie's History of Scotland	3 50
Liddon's Oxford University Sermons, new edition	1 50
Krilof, the Russian Fabulist	2 50
Good Society	1 75
First Love and Last Love	80
Dublin Repository Tracts—packet of 3000 pages	1 00
Famous London Merchants, a book for boys	1 00
Dr. Hodge's Commentary on the Confession of Faith	1 75
Journal of Social Science	1 00
The Tourist's Pocket Companion, 1869	1 00
Appleton's Short-Trip Guide to Europe	2 00
Philips' Sculpture Atlas, 12 colored maps	25
Cipher, a romance by Jane G. Austin	1 00
Little Women, 2 vols., each	1 50
Old-Town Folks, by Mrs. Stowe	2 00
The Subjection of Women, by John Stuart Mill	1 00

119 Wood Street,
STTH 2d door below Fifth Avenue.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

jy28-m66

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The Machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE . . . . $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

je15-THS

THE BEST PEN IN THE WORLD FOR RAPID WRITING,

THE INDIA RUBBER PEN,

Combining the qualities of Gold, Steel and Quill Pens. This pen is peculiarly adapted to the use of Lawyers, Clergymen, and other professions where the object to be attained is rapid and legible writing. Each Pen warranted.

FOR SALE BY

KAY & COMPANY,
65 WOOD STREET.
jy24:THFS (Lafayette Building.

TO LUMBER DEALERS AND CARPENTERS.—I am now in receipt of

ONE MILLION

Best A No. 1 Saginaw Shingles,

from the celebrated Michigan Lumber Regions direct, which I can sell to the trade at low figures either by car load or in quantities to suit purchasers.

ALEX. PATTERSON,

Cor. Juniata and Preble streets, Sixth ward, and No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m76

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

M. STEELE .... A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
Great Western
PRINTING
AND
BINDING
ESTABLISHMENT.

Can turn out Work equal to any establishment in the conntry, and on as Reasonable Terms, quality considered.

RAILROADS

CAN BE FURNISHED WITH EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BLANKS,
TICKETS
and BOOKS,

So essential in operating their Business.

Iron Founders,
Rolling Mills,
Merchants,
Merchants,
Insurance Agents,
Coal Dealers,
Banks, Brokers,
County Courts,

AND

ALL CLASSES OF BUSINESS MEN

Can Obtain all the

BLANKS, BOOKS,

Letter Heads,
Bills Lading,
Business Cards,
Bill Heads,
Check Books,
Time Books,
Engineers' Materials,

AND

STATIONERY,

TO FACILITATE

Their Business Operations.

W. S. HAVEN & CO.

Printers, Stationers

AND

Blank Book
MANUFACTURERS,

Cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue.

jy21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW
HOUSEKEEPING
DRY GOODS
AT
VERY LOW PRICES!
FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslin,
Fine Unbleached Muslin,
Bleached Muslin,
Table Linens, all kinds,
Towellings,
Towels, &c.,
White Marseilles Quilts,
White Allendale Quilts,
White Honeycomb Quilts,
Heavy Colored Quilts,
Flannels, all colors,
White Country Blankets,
Fine Eastern Blankets,
Grey Blankets, &c., &c.

LARGE ADDITIONS
OF
NEW GOODS
HAVE
Just been Received.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS
Well Supplied with
ALL
DESIRABLE GOODS
OFFERED
TO CASH BUYERS,
AT
Prices as Low and Lower
THAN
PRESENT EASTERN PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at

S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $2 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

jy10:TU-S

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between L. E. SUTTON and THOS. J. WILLIAMSON, under the style of L. E. SUTTON & CO., was this day dissolved by Thos. J. Williamson retiring from the said firm.

L. E. SUTTON,
THOS. J. WILLIAMSON.

PITTSBURGH, July 22d, 1869.

The business will be continued at the old stand, No. 58 Market street, by L. E. SUTTON.

jy24:m51-S

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANOTHER INVOICE
OF
Fine Black, Royal Standard
ALPACAS,
Fine Black Gro Grain
ALPACAS.

POPULAR BARGAINS
Still Continued!

TWELVE YARDS
Fast Colored Dark Calicos
FOR ONE DOLLAR.

TWELVE YARDS
BLEACHED MUSLIN
FOR ONE DOLLAR.

At 12 1-2 Cents.
YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN,
Best Offered this Season.

At 12 1-2 Cents.
GOOD DARK GINGHAMS.

At 12 1-2 Cents.
BED TICKING.

At 12 1-2 Cents,
CANTON FLANNEL.

At 6 1-4 Cents.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

At 12 1-2 Cents,
HANDSOME NEW STYLES
BEST CALICOS.

Good Bargains Daily Opening
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED.—A good GARDENER, to go to the country, who can drive and work with horses; must be sober, honest and industrious. To such an one a good home and fair wages will be given. Call at or address JOHN J. A. YOUNG, Fruit and Confectioner, No. 83 Fifth Avenue Extension, for further information.

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEACHERS.—In Union township, FIVE TEACHERS. Applicants will meet at Mount Pisgah School House on SATURDAY, August 7th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board.

WANTED.—PARTNERSHIP— In a safe and profitable business, where from $3,000 to $5,000 will secure an active position. Address O., GAZETTE OFFICE, stating where an interview may be had.

STRAYED.

STRAYED FROM THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, on Tuesday last, a RED AND WHITE COW. Any person finding or giving information where she may be found, will be rewarded.

WILL MILLER, Coal Hill.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, with Gas, in old Sixth ward; rent moderate. Enquire of S. M., 257 Liberty street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central loction, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to

ROBERT DALZELL,
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

FOR SALE.

SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.
GREENSBURG—A Lot 62 by 82, opposite freight depot.
McKEESPORT—4 Lots and 2 story Brick House, with Tavern; M. V. R R. passing through the property.
PERRY STREET, Allegheny—2 story frame house, 20 by 91.
ELIZABETHTOWN—4 Lots 25 by 60, with three frames and a two story Brick house.
SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick house, 9 rooms.
CENTRE AVENUE—A 2 story Brick House.
For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.

jy16 TUSTIN & KLEE.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Boyle street; 2 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1½ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 2 Farms in Iowa; Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece.

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.
Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.
One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of

McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

$80,000 Worth Unsold.

TEN DAYS LONGER!

STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Many Goods offered Twenty-five per cent. less than they can be bought for in the Eastern Markets at the present time.

Winter Goods as well as Summer

AT

THE SAME REDUCTION.

Must be Closed Out!

By Order, **J. W. BARKER, Jr.,**
Administrator.

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DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON.
BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON,
BOILER PLATES AND HEADS.
GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS,
FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH.
SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL,
STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern.
STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

mh9

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

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fe14:d48

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STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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PITTSBURGH.

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PITTSBURGH FORGE

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

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Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d57

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,
ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

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JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Maleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

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THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

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Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

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TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 30, 32, 34 AND 36 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ia5:c21

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IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,
ROLLING MILL STACKS,
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For Steamboats.

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A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

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MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

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Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ¾, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

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H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

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☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r62

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Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:c5

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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ap1:w20

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parrafine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

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SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

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Of Pittsburgh,

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Any sum received from One Dollar upwards. Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

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jy10:198

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

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CASH CAPITAL $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

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HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

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And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:r82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

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Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods.

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make. Hair Matrasses (pure white hair.) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

mv8:193

LITHOGRAPHERS.

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FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

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We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

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Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, July 30, 1869.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 136¼; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 123⅛; Five Twenties, 1862, 125¼; do 1864, 122¼; do 1865, 123⅝; do 1865, Consols, 121¼; do 1867, 122⅝; do 1868, 122¼; Ten Forties, 114¼; New York Central, 14¾; Erie, —; Reading, 98⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 53¼; Ohio & Mississippi, 32¼; Michigan Southern, 105½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 107; Chicago & Rock Island, 114⅛; Chicago & North Western, 80½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95⅛; Adams Express Company, 59¼; Merchants Union Express, 8½; Pacific Mail, 84⅛; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37; Am. W. Express, 41.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,72	$6,85
Paris, per franc	27½	28¼
Berlin, thaler	99¾	1,01
Frankfort, florins	58	59½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 136¼; United States Sixes, 1881, 123⅛; Five-Twenties, 1862, 125¼; do. 1864, 123¼; do. 1865, 123¼; Ten-Forties, 114¼; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 122¼; do. do. 1867, 122⅜; do. do. 1868, 122⅜; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 110; Lake Superiors 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30, 1869.

Money is easy at 6@7 per cent., with exceptions at 5 per cent. Sterling is dull and steady at 9¾@10⅛. Gold opened at 136⅝, advanced to 136¾, declined to 136¼, and closed steady, though dull, at 136@136⅜. Carrying rates 3@5 per cent. Clearances $67,000,000. The specie export for to-morrow will probably be light; the engagements as yet are only $150,000.

Governments are active and excited, but business being mainly of a speculative character, and the result of the formation of a combination to advance prices, closing a fraction off. Coupons of '81, 123¾@124; do. '62, 125@125⅛; do. '64, 123¼@123⅜; do '65, 123½@123⅝; do. new, 122@122⅛; do. '67, 122¼@122⅜; do. '68, 122@122⅛; 10-40's, 114¼@114⅜; Pacifics, 109⅞@110.

State Bonds dull; Missouris, 87½; Old Tennessees, 63; new do. 56¾; Old North Carolinas, 56½; new do. 51½; Old Virginias, 58; new do. 60¾.

Stocks irregular; New York roads weak and western shares strong. Wabash, Northwestern, St. Paul and Chicago and Alton are features; the latter rose 4½ per cent. The market generally closed dull and steady.

5-30 *Prices:* Canton, 58; Cumberland, 33¼; Western Union Telegraph, 37; Quicksilver, 16; Mariposa, 18; do. preferred, 16; Pacific Mail, 84⅛; Adams Express, 59¼; Wells 22½; American, 69½; United States, 41; Merchants Union, 8½; New York Central, 214½; Harlem, 163½; Hudson, 187½; Reading, 99⅛; Erie, 28⅞; do. pref., 55; Michigan Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 105½; Illinois Central, 141; Pittsburgh, 107; Northwestern, 80¾; do. preferred, 95⅛; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 73; Rock Island, 114⅛; St. Paul, 77; do. preferred, 88; Wabash 74¼; do. preferred 81; Fort Wayne, 153⅜; Terre Haute, 38; do. preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 169; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¼; Burlington and Quincy, 190; Dubuque and Sioux City, 104½; C. C. & I. C., 36¼.

Mining shares dull.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 6; Franklin, 10; Hecla, 80; Quincy 23.

Receipts Sub-Treasury, $978,774; payments, $1,311,070; balance, $95,796,693; disbursements coin interest, $108,882.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, July 30, 1869.

The Iron market is quiet, as usually is the case at this season of the year, though there are some slight indications apparent that an improvement is near at hand. It is said that some of the millmen have been feeling around this week, to see what they could buy at delivered next month, and from this it would seem to be inferred by some of them that that prices are not likely to go much lower. The sales, however, for present use are small, and as a consequence, the volume of business in the aggregate light, and notwithstanding the supply is by no means large, it is, nevertheless, fully up to present requirements. As already intimated, however, it looks now as if there might be an improvement next month.

	ANTHRACITE.		
300 tons	Chickers Forge for another market equal to	41.00	cash here
30 tons	A No. 1 Foundry	$44.00	4 mos
50 "	B No. 1 "	41.00	cash
10 "	No. 1 "	42.00	4 mos
10 "	No. 1 "	42.50	4 mos
10 "	No. 1 "	43.00	4 mos
10 "	No. 2 "	41.50	4 mos
10 "	No. 2 "	42.00	4 mo
10 "	No. 3 "	40 50	4 mo
20 "	No. 2	42.00	4 mos
10 "	No. 1	43.00	4 mos
40 "	No. 3 Gray Forge	37.50	cash
10 "	Mottled	36.00	cash
50 "	White	36.00	6 mos
50 "	No. 2 Foundry	40.00	4 mos
10 "	No. 3 Forge	38.50	2 mos
	COKE.		
20 tons	No. 1 Foundry	$44.00	4 mos
200 "	Allegheny Coke	38.00	6 mos
200 "	Red Bank	38.00	6 mos
	CHARCOAL.		
50 tons	No. 1 Hanging Rock	$48.00	4 mos
20 "	No. 2 Hanging Rock	45.00	4 mos
10 "	Cold Blast	50.00	4 mos
150 "	Hanging Rock Forge	44.00	4 mos
38 "	Hanging Rock Forge	45.00	6 mos
20 "	Extra Charcoal Forge	51.00	4 mos
	BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.		
500 tons	Superior Forge	$35.50	6 mos
30 "	Cold Sh't	36.00	4 mos
50 "	Medium Gray	35.50	4 mos
60 "	" "	35.00	4 mos
130 "	Open Grey Forge	37.50	4 mos
500 "	Med. Grey Forge, to arrive	37.00	6 mos
65 "	Open Grey Forge	37.50	4 mos
200 "	" " "	37.00	6 mos
500 "	Common Close Grey and Mottled	35.50	90 ds
60 "	Open Grey	37.50	4 mos
366 "	Medium Close Grey and Mottled	36.50	6 mos
200 "	Grey Mixed with neutral ore	38.00	6 mos
60 "	Grey Mixed with neutral ore	38.50	4 mos
900 "	Common Close Grey to arrive	36.00	6 mos
500 "	Common Close Grey to arrive	36.00	6 mos
500 "	Inferior Forge	35.50	6 mos
50 "	" "	35.50	4 mos
60 "	" "	35.50	6 mos
100 "	Neutral Forge	38.00	4 mos
100 "	Common Cold Sh't.	38.00	4 mos
	BLOOMS.		
50 tons	Juniata	$95.00	5 mos
70 "	"	95.00	6 mos
50 "	Lake Superior	95.00	6 mos

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, July 30, 1869.

The general markets remain in about the same condition they have been in all week, rather dull and devoid of anything new or very important. Some few articles, in consequence of a temporary scarcity, are stronger and tending upward, but otherwise there are no changes of importance, and as a general thing the demand is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants.

The weather continues clear and pleasant and all that could possibly be desired for harvesting, and it seems to be general, the dispatches from the west during the past few days being of a more encouraging character. And this improvement in the weather is beginning to have its effect, as already, the grain "bulls" in the west, are getting shaky, and anxious to realize—at least it so appears from our Western exchanges.

APPLES—In active demand and limited supply, and the market is firm and tending upward. We now quote at $4,00 @5,00 per bbl.

BERRIES—Sales of Blackberries at $1,00@1,25 per bucket, and Raspberries at $1,75.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged—we continue to quote at 23@25 for fair to choice.

BEANS—Sales at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6; No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Is in good supply and very dull—ranging from 14 to 17 cents as to quality, the outside figure for Goshen.

CARBON OIL—Is dull but unchanged; sales of 50 or 100 barrel lots, at 27@28, and in small lots, 29@30.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull; small sales of Peaches at 9@10 cts for quarters, and 13 @14 for halves. Apples, 12@13.

EGGS—Quoted at 18 @20c.

FLOUR—There are no new characteristics in flour worthy of special notice; the demand continues light, though the market is firm and stocks, comparatively speaking, very much reduced. In store, Spring and Winter Wheat brands are selling at about the same prices, $7,00@7,25.

GRAIN—Wheat is in good demand, and very light supply; new crop may be quoted at $1,30@1,35, and prime old at $1,40, with a sale of some 500 bushels of the latter at $1,40. Corn is in limited supply, and it is held firmly $1@1,05 for mixed to prime yellow. Oats firm, but unchanged, Sale 2,100 bushels on spot at 70½; and we heard of a sale for August or September delivery, seller's option, at 55. Nothing doing in rye, and in the absence of sales may be quoted at $1,25.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny Diamond market of 37 loads at $18@25, as to quality.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1.75.

LARD OIL—No. 1, at 1,43@1.45; No. 1 Extra, $1,47@1,48; and No. 2, at $1,08@$1,10.

POTATOES—Under the influence of a better demand, firmer, but, as yet, unchanged—$1,50@1,75 per bushel.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 65@70 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Firmer and higher. We now quote at 15@15¼ for Shoulders: 18@19 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 19 for Plain and 23½@24 for Sugar Cured Hams, and 17½@18 for Breakfast Bacon. Lard, 20¼ in tierces and 20¾@21 in half bbls and kegs. Mess Pork, $33½.

PEANUTS—Sales 100 bgs at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, 1, at $1,75@80.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10¼.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The market remains very quiet, but steady. Woolen shawls of popular make are in good request, and will open on Monday at about last year's prices, but on Tuesday or Wednesday will be advanced on certain styles above the opening prices. An effort is being made to put down western freight by Monday. If this can be done it would have the effect to stimulate the demand for dry goods and other merchandise at once.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

The August Eclipse.

The *Riverside Magazine* for August has for a leading illustration a tinted representation of the appearance of the earth and sky at the time of the total obscuration of the sun in the eclipse of August 7. From the letter-press description we take the following sketch of this most wonderful sight:

For the convenience of such of our readers as live within the belt of country referred to on the fourth page of this number, where will be witnessed on the 7th instant the *total* eclipse of the sun, we give a short discription of the phenomena to be expected. Perhaps some may have sufficient presence of mind to make brief notes of what they see. If so, we shall be happy to receive the results of such observation for comparison and possible publication in a future number. As regards the appearances under the heads three and five, a spy-glass or small telescope will be necessary to reveal them to satisfaction.

1. When the sun is more than three-fourths hidden by the dark disk of the moon, a perceptable gloom is thrown on all the landscape around. Soon after, the sky appears to decend; the horizon to contract; the temperature of the air falls; birds cease their singing; flowers close; an unearthly greenish and reddish light is imparted to portions of the sky; a sudden darkness ensues, and everything wears a mysterious and gloomy aspect.

2. Immediately before the last trace of the sun's disk appears, the awful shadow of the moon in the air may be detected rapidly disapproaching from the West, like a dark column or a sombre cloud. To witness this impressive sight care must be excercised, lest in the excitement of the moment the swiftly approaching shadow be unheeded.

3. The last thread of light from the sun's disk sometimes appears to separate into little grains or beads before its total disappearance. This phenomenon has received the name of "Baily's Beads," from the noted astronomer who first witnessed it.

4. Instantly on the extinction of the sun will be seen the grandest feature of the eclipse—the *Corona*, or crown of light, issuing on all sides, apparently from the purple-black disk of the moon, though in reality from the sun. It is the atmosphere of the sun rendered visible by the absence of the overpowering sunlight. As the light is dazzlingly white, a piece of smoked glass will enable you to survey it without the inconvenience which might otherwise arise.

5. In the corona, and issuing also apparently from the dark moon, there will appear several rose-colored flames projecting beyond the gloomy disk, perhaps a tenth of the diameter of the moon. They, too, belong to the sun, and are demonstrated by the spectroscope to be *incandescent hydrogen*. With every eclipse they vary in size, number, shape, position and depth of color.

6. Planets and large stars are often noted during total eclipses by those who have previously studied their positions on a celestial map. As the darkness hardly exceeds that of a moonlight night, they ars not always readily found in the two or three minutes of gloom that attend the entire obscuration of the sun. By a little study of the map at the commencement of this number, one may be able to recognize the most conspicuous planets and stars that will be visible.

When the sun reappears, the phenomenon of Baily's Beads should be again looked for—this time on the right side of the moon's disk. The awful shadow will afterward be seen sailing rapidly away in the air to the eastward. Then follow the changes of color in the sky and landscape, the rising of the thermometer, and a general awakening of nature, and the wonderful exhibition is over.

Spain.

The new Government in Spain is having an early and serious experience. To the revolution in Cuba, which its utmost efforts so far have proved inadequate to subdue, is now added a Carlist rising at home that is menacing enough to require an extraordinary effort for its suppression. In this, Serrano is but experiencing the common fate of Regents. History has shown that Regencies are the weakest of all Governments, and their continuance generally periods of stormy convulsions. In Spain this sort of Government is a compromise that satisfies neither the Republicans, who desire an elective ruler, nor the Monarchists, who believe in kings and their divine right to rule. Spain, we fear, has yet a sad and perhaps bloody experience to undergo. A private letter recently received from an intelligent American now in Spain, and well informed by years of residence in that country, says: "I wish I could tell you all I know about political parties here. A nation without a head, a throne without a king, is an anomalous state of things, and cannot long continue tranquil. Do not be surprised any bright morning to read that the streets again run with blood, and that the whole of the South of Spain is in a blaze of insurrectisn. Everything is in a most anxious and unsettled state. There is not a gleam of brightness in the clouds that surround the whole country, and there is not a man to-day prominent who sees beyond the darkness of the present. Thank God, revolutions never go backward, and we may expect a resting place for these poor people beyond the present weary time of doubt and incertitude."

GIANT POWDER.—A correspondent asks: "What does giant powder consist of, and where is it made?" It is nothing but nitro glycerine, reduced to dryness by combining it with hydrated silica. The latter substance may be obtained from *waterglass* by means of an acid which precipitates a gelatinous mass from it. This mass, when dry, is impalpable powder, and as such is found in natural deposits in California, where giant powder is manufactured. Mr. Nobel, who patented several explosives, also possesses a patent for this one. It is also manufactured in New York city, but we are not at liberty to publish the manufacturer's name without his permission.—*Mining Journal.*

IN Richmond, Virginia, the other night, after the doors were opened, a lioness in one of the cages at Ames' menagerie and circus gave birth to two whelps. Herr Langel, after the birth of the first one was discovered, went into the cage and chained up two other lions—a male and female—that were in there with her, so that the mother and her young would not be troubled.

E. A. Pollard on the Virginia Election.

E. A. Pollard, in a letter to the *Sun* on tho Virginia election, says:

"Paradoxical as it may appear, it is nevertheless actually true, that an intelligent party in the South regard the Virginia election as unfavorable to the interest of this section, for the very reason that the best men in the South have thus been called into office and assumed the exercise of power. It is the very respectability of the successful candidate that is a fatal blow to the aspiration that, since the war, has lingered in the South, of preserving something of a political school and public sentiment distinctively Southern. It means the disintegration of anything like a peculiar Southern civilization; the abandonment at last by the intelligence and respectability of the South of the hope of rescuing anything considerable from the ruins of its old institutions, and of opposition to the old course of reconstruction, looking for a reaction, or designing to let reconstruction go to the most exaggerated extremity, hoping it might be dammed up by the difficulties it would accumulate for itself. The Virginia election is the first instance in which the best men of the South have come forward at last to participate in reconstruction. It means "an acceptance of the situation," in the sense much broader than acquiescence in the demands of any mere political party counting all its moral effects on the South, is an event in history, the date of a new departure in the whole moral, social and political organization of the South."

Is the Brain the Seat of Intelligence?

It has, until recently, been accepted as truth, that impressions are conveyed through the nerves to the brain, which, receiving the physical sensation so transmitted, again telegraphs back its will to the muscles which move accordingly. This theory is now strongly opposed by Claude Bernard and other eminent physiologists, who affirm that the limbs can take care of themselves without instructions from the brain, and quote in support of their opinion the fact that if a recently decapitated frog be touched on the side with the point of a lancet he will endeavor with the hind claw of the corresponding side to push away the offending instrument, which would appear to indicate the existence of nervous centres distinct from the brain. A still more curious and hitherto unexplained fact is that if during the above experiment the claw be forcibly withheld from the part touched, the animal will endeavor to use the other claw for the same purpose. This experiment, which clearly shows that some process of reasoning is carried on in the decapitated body, and is an apparent contradiction of the universally admitted theory, that the brain alone is the seat of intelligence, has, according to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, excited great curiosity in scientific circles.

Prohibition a Failure.

At last, after a vain struggle to enforce the prohibitory law in Massachusetts, it has been practically abandoned. The Boston *Advertiser* thus sums up the result in that city:

The public sale of malt liquors was stopped for a few days. Large quantities of adulterated and fiery compounds have accumulated in the cellars of the State constable. Suits have been begun in large numbers, to be determined by the courts hereafter. *But, on the other hand, drinking clubs have been revived on all sides; concealment and hypocrisy have taken the place of the effrontery of public drinking*; the hotels and eating houses continue to supply their guests without interruption; grocers and druggists find their trade stimulated by the change in the current; and the friends of the law have the satisfaction of seeing a fierce and angry commotion precipitated upon the State without approaching, as yet, the results they confidently promised themselves. The attempt to dragoon the State into uniformity on this question has put good and bad members of the community on a level, and given those who pander to its passions and vices, for the sake of profit, an advantage which does not belong to them.

How Good Farmers Save Money.

They take good papers and read them.

They keep account of farm operations.

They do not leave their farm implements scattered over the farm, exposed to the rain, snow and heat.

They repair tools and buildings at the proper time, and do not suffer a threefold expenditure of time and money.

They use their money judiciously and do not attend auction sales to purchase all kinds of trumpery because it is "cheap."

They do not refuse to make correct experiments, in a small way, of many new things.

They plant their fruit trees well, care for them, and of course they have good crops.

Successful farming is made up by attention to the little things. The farmer who does his best, earns his money with best appreciation, and uses it with best results. Such men are the "salt of the earth."

FAILURE OF LIFE INSURANCE IN ENGLAND.—While in the United States the failure of a life insurance company is an almost unheard of thing, and while our oldest companies are apparently the most stable, the statistics of English companies show a somewhat different state of things. A recent report to the House of Commons states that, in the last twenty-five years, two hundred and seventy-two insurance companies have been formed, of which one hundred and fifty-two have been wound up, or have discontinued business, and forty-four have been absorbed by other companies, leaving only seventy-six still in existence. Eighty-five per cent. of the companies formed before 1862 have broken down, and fifty-three per cent. of those organized since that date have shared a similar fate. In view of these facts, a bill has been brought forward in Parliament which is intended to compel such statements and reports from the officers of insurance companies as will effectually expose and crush all insolvent organizations.

THE Mound City (Illinois) *Journal* says that the upper part of that county is infested with panthers, and that a general hunt for them will be made this week. They have been killing off the hogs very rapidly. Near Caledonia, a few days ago, a Mr. Williams was returning with his wife and child from the house of a neighbor, when one of these animals attacked him, but he succeeded in keeping it off with a hoe. The panther followed for half a mile.

NOTICES.

☞ **NOTICE.**

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, July 28, 1869.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Bank will be held at the Bank, No. 131 Smithfield street, on THURSDAY, August 5th, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering increase of capital.

By order of the Board.
jy29:m81 G. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 14th, 1869.

☞ **NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.**—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 20, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due August 1st next, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE JR.,
jy14 THST Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ **TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.**

The Temperance Men of Allegheny county (and those friendly to the cause) are requested to meet at their several places of election on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 31, and vote for two (2) delegates to meet in Convention on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, August 4th, at 2 o'clock, in the COURT HOUSE, to nominate a candidate for County Commissioner.

By order, GEORGE IRWIN.
Chairman County Executive Committee.
jy28:m75

ICE.

ICE FOR SALE.

BY THE TON OR OTHERWISE,
IN ARBUCKLE ALLEY.
Between Lacock street and the Railroad.

jy27:m52 JOSEPH JOHNSTON.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:h10

ICE CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Having been appointed sole agent for this city for the sale of

Chautauqua County (New York)
LAKE ICE,

I am now prepared to furnish it daily in car loads at depot to dealers at low rates.

Parties desiring to purchase or make arrangements to get it will please leave their orders two days before requiring.

JOHN WHITE, Jr.,
jy24:m44 336 PENN STREET.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET,
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

J. L. DILLINGER..........A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN
Pure Rye Whiskies.
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,
No. 87 Second Avenue,
ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.z53

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

This Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se28:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26:h4

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.—The undersigned will offer for sale a NEW TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, with 7 rooms, at present occupied as a tavern, but suitable for any other kind of business. Water and gas fixtures and other conveniences on the premises. Situated in the flourishing town of East Birmingham, Carson street, near Brown. Size of Lot 20 by 100 feet. Sale to take place on SATURDAY, 31st day of July, at 4 o'clock P. M. Conditions of sale made known on day of sale.

jy28 m64 FREDERICK BUSH.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS** will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞ **DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

☞ **BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

☞ **EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞ **THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Fixing the Number of City Police.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.* That the Police force shall consist of one hundred and twenty-two men.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1869.

HILL BURGWIN,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
JOHN BARTON,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy29

AN ORDINANCE

Supplementary to an Ordinance for the Grading and Paving of Spruce Alley.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have Spruce alley, from 24th street to 25th street curbed as well as graded and paved.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1869.

HILL BURGWIN,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
JOHN BARTON,
Presiden pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy29

AN ORDINANCE

Opening and Widening Church Street, or Forty-sixth Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Forty-sixth (late Church) street, from Butler street to Davison street, in accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits G. T. Van Doren, H. J. Lynch and Wm. Holmes are hereby appointed in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1869.

HILL BURGWIN,
President pro tem of Select Council,
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
JOHN BARTON,
President pro tem Common Council.
Attest: H. MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy29

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fronting 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the of the Cleve and and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANT HOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Woods Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,
Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m77

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 3 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7,50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each.
ENQUIRE OF
W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
195 Liberty Street,
mh15

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pennsylvania.

In the Matter of the Estate of
JOHN BAKER, Deceased.

No. 1, June Term, 1869. Writ of Partition.

To Jonathan H. Baker, resident of Shasta county, California; George Baker, resident of Youngstown, Westmoreland county, Pa.; Elizabeth, intermarried with Edward H. Fisher; Amanda Baker, intermarried with William George; Lavina Edmondson, intermarried with Thomas McGraw; Catharine Baker, intermarried with Hiram Fulton; the last named being residents of Allegheny county, Pa.; John Baker, resident of Youngstown, Westmoreland county, Pa.; Lewis Haney, in possession of part of Lot No. 18; Lewis Held, in possession of part of lot No. 17, residents of McKeesport, Pa.

You are hereby notified that an appraisement under the will of John Baker, deceased, will be held upon the premises, in the

Borough of McKeesport,
On THURSDAY, August 19, 1869,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Said appraisement to be made by three disinterested persons appointed by the Court under and by virtue of the Act of Assembly, approved April 17th, 1869.

SAMUEL B CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, July 16, 1869. jy17:m26 s

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—There will be exposed at Public Sale, by order of the Orphans' Court, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises in Wilkinsburg, Wilkins township, Allegheny county, the one undivided half of all that certain lot or piece of ground, described as follows, viz: Fronting one hundred and sixty-five feet four inches on Peebles street, (165 4-12 ft.) extending back a distance of one hundred and forty-nine feet four inches, (149 4-12 ft.,) to Centre alley; fronts on Centre alley one hundred and sixty-five feet four inches, (165 4-12 ft.,) and one hundred and fifty-one feet ten inches, (151 10-12 ft.,) on Kelley street, being the whole of lots Nos. 26 and 27 and parts of lots 24 and 25 in Reis and Curling's plan of Wilkinsburg, recorded in Plan Book Vol. 2, Page 18.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash; the balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

CATHARINE ENNIS,
Guardian of the minor children of Laurence Ennis, dec'd. je26:110-S

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
JULY 19, 1869. jy20:m35

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR FROM NEW WHEAT.—We are now receiving a shipment of choice TENNESSEE NEW AMBER and WHITE WHEAT, which we are mixing with our Old Wheat in such proportions as to make an article of Family Flour equal if not superior to any in the market.

The merits we claim for this Flour are that of being manufactured from strictly choice number one Southern Amber and White Wheat, with the most approved machinery, by experienced millers. Our Brands are:

THREE STAR PEARL GREEN BRAND, made from Choice White Wheat, unsurpassed as Pastry Flour.

TWO STAR DOUBLE EXTRA, BLUE BRAND, from selected White and Amber Wheat, unsurpassed as a Family Flour.

PEARL RED BRAND from selected amb and best grades of Red Winter.

To prevent fraud in refilling our sacks w seal them with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY &
jy21:m38 Pearl Steam M

WEBSTER ST
is hereby given t
widening Webster s
been filed in the
July Term, 18
jy29:m7

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PROPOSALS.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.

The SEWER COMMISSION of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the following Sewers, with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, etc.:

CONTRACT NO 1,

Comprising about 1,000 feet of 4-feet circular BRICK SEWER, from Pasture Lane to junction of Montgomery avenue sewer, through West Common.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about 650 feet of 18-inch circular PIPE SEWER on Ridge avenue, from a point 200 feet north from the intersection of Rebecca street to Belmont street sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 3,

Comprising about 550 feet of 12-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Pitt alley, from Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue and sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 4,

Comprising about 1,350 feet of 18-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on North avenue, from Boyle street to Palo Alto street.

CONTRACT NO. 5,

Comprising about 400 feet of 12-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Montgomery alley, from the line of Mrs. Wallace's property to Montgomery avenue sewer.

Drawings and Specifications can be seen at the City Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of sewer proposed to be furnished (cement or vitrified clay pipe) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals." Contract No 1 (or 2 &c., as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M., AUGUST 5th, 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the City Engineer's office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,
jy30:m74 City Engineer.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 30, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer on Forty-Second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river. Also, for one on Eleventh street, from the foot of Washington street to the Allegheny river. Also, for Grading, Paving and Curbing of Forty-second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and for Grading and Paving Pleasant Alley, from Forty-third to Forty-fourth street, will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5TH.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids considered unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy30:m76 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

HARRISBURG GAS WORKS,
JULY 27, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Harrisburg Gas Works until the 15th DAY OF AUGUST, for the delivery of Gas Coal to be used during the next year up to September 1, 1870. The coal must be of the very best quality for the manufacture of gas and delivered at the works.

All communications should be addressed to the undersigned, who will give all further information on the subject.

GEORGE BERGNER, Secretary.
jy29:m78

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 25 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

ALSO—Plans will be received by the Water Committee for improved class of pumping engines, to equal the capacity of a steam cylinder, 36 inches in diameter, pump 16 inches in diameter, with a pressure of 70 pounds on steam cylinder.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.
jy28:m68

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,
OF THE BUTLER BRANCH
Of the Western Penn R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. B ROBERTS,
jy22:m41 CHIEF ENGINEER.

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for GRADING and PAVING of HAMLIN STREET from Bidwell street to Chartiers street; also the assessment for Grading and Paving of Franklin street, from Sedgwick street to Beaver avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until August 3d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy27:m65 City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of LINDSEY'S ALLEY, from Ledlie street to Jackson street. Also the assessment for the Grading and Paving of BLAIR ALLEY, from Lindsey's alley to Ramage alley, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 2d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy24:m55 CITY ENGINE

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURV
Pittsburgh, July 26,

NOTICE.—The Assess
Grading and Paving AL
from Butler street to the Alle
is now ready for examinat
at this office until THU
when it will be returned
office for collection.
jy26:m61

OFFICE OF CIT

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OHIO PRESBYTERY.

(Continued from First Page.)

Revs. Jennings, Carnahan and Collier, and Elders Burchfield and R. A. Clark appinted.

Presbytery adjourned with prayer until two o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Presbytery was called to order at two o'clock, and opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Carnahan.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were then read and approved.

The Moderator announced the following named gentlemen as a Committee to answer the protest entered against the proceedings by Mr. Linn: Rev. Dr. McKinney, Rev. Mr. Carnahan and Elder Jno. A. Renshaw.

Elder Jno. A. Renshaw asked to be excused from serving upon the Committee, and on motion his request was granted and Elder William N. Burchfield appointed in his place.

The paper was then called for, but was not in Court, having been carried out by some of the reporters.

THE BRIDGE AFFAIR EXPLAINED.

The Committee appointed to take the testimony of Mrs. Davis was called upon to report, and presented the following testimony:

Mrs. Hannah Elizabeth Davis, being duly qualified, testified as follows;

Q. Where do you reside? A. Reside with my husband at No. 8 Bluff street, Pittsburgh.

Q. How did you hear of this trial? A. I heard of it through the *Dispatch*.

Q. When you read an account of the trial you thought you were the lady referred to? A. Yes, I thought so.

Q. State what occurred on Suspension bridge. A. I was going over the bridge from Pittsburgh to Allegheny the night of the Democratic procession last fall. Mr. Linn said, "Good evening, Anna." I said, "I think you are mistaken." He said, "Are you not Miss Anna Foster, of Allegheny," I said, "No, sir, that is not my name; I don' live in Allegheny." I said I was on my way to the depot and asked what time is it, or is it time for the train, or something of that kind. Then he said "I beg your pardon, I mistook you for Miss Anna Foster: there is a striking resemblance." He said "good evening" and was passing on when my husband came up and struck him. There was quite a crowd around us. I did not see my husband, or hear him say anything until he struck Mr. Linn. My husband was walking behind me, about two piers, and not seeing him I supposed he had gone back to his boarding house. He was very much under the influence of liquor at the time.

Q. Was there anything improper or wrong in Mr. Linn's conduct toward you that evening? A. Not in the least.

Q. Had you any personal acquaintance with Mr. Linn? A. I had not, never saw Mr. Linn before or since till this trial. I now recognize Mr. Linn as the same gentleman who met me on the bridge.

Q. What was your reason for coming here? A. I thought it my duty to give testimony to exculpate Mr. Linn.

Cross-examined—My husband at that time boarded at Mr. Wrigley's, on Second street, opposite the Gas Works. He was a sheet iron roller at Everson, Preston & Co's iron works. We resided at Sharpsburg. My husband came home every Saturday night. I am a member of the Methodist Church at Ironton, O. I left there six years ago, and did not bring a certificate. I still attend the Methodist Church when at Sharpsburg. I did not notice which way Mr. Linn was going.

The testimony was read and approved by witness.

THE CLEVELAND SLANDER REFUTED.

John E. Carey, Esq., sworn.—I reside in Cleveland, Ohio. Am a lawyer. I belong to the firm of Willey & Carey. I have been connected with the Old School Presbyterian church since 1853 or 1854, up, to the time Mr. Linn left the church. The church has had four pastors since its organization, Rev. Brown, Dr. Hogue, Rev. S. P. Linn and Rev. V. A. Lewis. The church was originally made up of persons from other churches and from Old School Presbyterians. [The witness here objected to answer any further questions unless his testimony was recorded.] I was friendly and supported the first three pastors of the church. Dr. Brown was starved out of the church; Mr. Hogan was killed out of it, and Mr. Linn was slandered out of it. The first I know of Mr. Linn preaching at that church was in January, 1866. He had been there some time previous to that time. After Mr. Hogue left, being one of the trustees, and there being a heavy debt, I endeavored to get the debt paid off. I made all kinds of propositions, but could get no co operation. There was a division as to what pastor they should have. Mr. Hogue came there with this load of debt on the church. When Mr. Linn came there (I remember the time distinctly) I told him that he would be ruined if he went into that church unless the debt was paid. I urged upon him to have the debt paid before he accepted the call. For some months after that Mr. Linn was on trial, and during that time frequent conversations were had by Mr. Linn with myself and others relative to paying off the debt. I told Mr. Linn that pursuant to my original promises to him that I would not pay one dollar toward paying off the debt of the church, because I had already spent a large amount of money and time for that purpose before Mr. Brown left. The trustees all agreed that my refusal was not an unreasonable one. I said that as soon as the debt was paid that I would co-operate with them to maintain the church and secure its welfare. Mr. Hogue was called to the church, with this debt upon it, and I told him that I feared that he would not be able to succeed in the condition the church was in. My family, during all this time, and I, to some extent, attended the church. The debt was partially paid before Mr. Linn came. So far as I am able to judge, and I think the records of the church will bear evidence, the church never was so well attended, nor the people so earnestly engaged in sustaining the church, as during the time Mr. Linn was there. There was a revival during the time Mr. Linn was there. One of my daughters was converted and joined the church. This prospertty continued down to the time Mr. Linn left, and, notwithstanding the troubles that were created in the church, Mr. Linn continued to hold the congregation together, with the exception, I think, of about half a dozen persons. If I recollect it right, two families left I think doctrinal matters were the cause of difficulty in the church. They found fault not only with Mr. Linn, but with Mr. Brown, on account of doctrine. Old School Presbyterianism was certainly unpalatable to many persons in the church. When Mr. Linn came to Cleveland he was courted and flattered, parties made for him, and in fact he was the most courted person among the different families of the church, so that it became a rivalry between them that he could not get time to prepare his sermons, the demand for his being so great. I warned those very parties that they would turn his heart and make a fool of him. Mr. Linn soon neglected some of these persons, and I can't express it any better than to say "that Mrs. Jones saw Mr. Linn call on Mrs. Smith on the other side of the street three times since he called on her." Soon all kinds of stories were circulated, such as indiscretions, stealing sermons &c. This was the state of things in the church then, among its own members, up to about the time the trouble broke out between Miss B—— and Mr. Linn. Mr. Linn began to find new acquaintances outside the church, and complaint was made that he did not visit the families in the church. Mr. Linn was in good standing with the ministers of other churches when he left and is to-day. On the night that this Miss B—— affair occurred, in September, 1866, my wife had a sociable at the house. Mr. Linn and Miss B—— were among the invited. I had noticed him in company with her frequently before that night; this evening I noticed Mr. Linn walking about my grounds with Miss. B——, and they were both very attentive to each other, so much so that it was remarked by the visitors. Something had been said before that about the matter. Everything I saw or heard of Mr. Linn was perfectly honorable and proper, both at the house and elsewhere, and it was thought their intentions were honorable. Mr. Linn accompanied Miss B—— home that evening, to her boarding house, or the family where she boarded with her mother. Miss B—— is a lady of unexceptionable character, at that time and since, and is a daughter of the late Governor B——, of Ohio. I know nothing more of what occurred between Mr. Linn and Miss B—— personally, all the rest is rumor. Soon after that evening rumor, were abroad that Mr. Linn had taken improper liberties with Miss B——, and the story went among Mr. Linn's friends that his intentions toward the lady were honorable, and her's equally so, and that she on being called upon by Mr. Linn had admitted as much; it appeared from the story on the other side that the lady in whose house they boarded had observed what took place on that evening from an upper window, and when Miss. B—— entered the house, this lady had accused her of what had occurred outside, and she denied it, but finally admitted the charge, but said that it was against her will, and from that time on Mr. Linn and Miss B——on one side denying the charges and the family where she was boarding asserting them, so it became a matter of varacity, not between Mr. Linn and Miss B——, but between Mr. Linn and the family in which Miss B— boarded. No person doubted the propriety of Mr. Linn's conduct. This lady and her husband, with whom Miss B— boarded, were members of Westminster Church and were opponents of Mr. Linn. Miss B— and her mother, I am almost sure, attended church where Mr. Linn preached, the very next Sabbath after this occurred. I think that the intercourse between Mr. Linn and Miss B— was of the most honorable character, and they were very intimate and nobody, so far as I know, expressed any opinion to the contrary for some time after the affair and the church difficulty began to develope. Soon after this Miss B— and her mother left off attending church, as did also the lady with whom they boarded, and a bitter feeling arose in the church.

About the 11th of February, 1867, I called upon Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn, having heard some rumors; we talked the matter over fully and Mrs. Blackburn and Mr. Blackburn assured me that in their judgment, having ascertained tained the facts, there was no intentional impropriety.——[The Moderator here stopped the witness, stating that it was heresay evidence.] Hisses from the audience. A member moved that the witness be allowed to go on.

The Moderator would not entertain the motion. He said that if the parties were not satisfied they had the legal remedy, by taking an appeal.

The appeal was then taken and the Moderator was sustained.

Q. What do you know to be the cause of Mr. Blackburn's withdrawal from the church? A. Mr. B. told me he withdrew from the church for two reasons: because his family preferred to go to the Baptist church, where their companions were. He had a long time been looking for an opportunity. Another reason was a pecuniary one. He said at that time that he never did leave or propose to leave on account of Mr. Linn's conduct in his family. He said that Mr. Linn was a boy, a clever fellow, and that he had nothing against him.

Q. Can you swear to Mr. Blackburn's hand-writing? A. Yes.

A letter was here shown to witness, which he testified was in Mr. Blackburn's hand-writing.

The letter was then offered in evidence but ruled out by the Moderator.

The examination then proceeded.

Q. Was there any pecuniary difficulty connected with Mr. Linn's leaving the church? A. Mr. A. Parish and myself advanced the money to pay Linn's salary.

Q. What was your object in preparing the petition which was circulated through the congregation? A. Mr. Parish and myself and others circulated that paper for the purpose of ascertaining what the majority of the church wanted done, and we proposed to unite with any of Mr. Linn's opponents to circulate that paper through the congregation to ascertain whether they desired Mr. Linn to remain, agreeing that a majority of all the members of the church in the congregation should decide the matter. [The witness here related the fact of circulating the petition.] I advised Mr. Linn to resign.

Q. Did Mr. Linn tender his resignation? A. He did.

Q. What was the purport of the resolution passed at the meeting of session, at which the resignation was presented? A. The words of the resolution were as follows: "*Resolved*, That the resignation of Rev. S. P. Linn be accepted for the reasons of a want of unanimity in the church and inadequate support."

Q. What was Mr. Linn's general reputation? A. It was good. Mr. Linn was considered an able and fearless preacher. His reputation for veracity was good, and is yet good. Mr. Linn has frequently visited Cleveland since he left the church. He would be welcomed to-day in any house in Cleveland so far as I know, except, perhaps, by some of those who opposed him. The Blackburn and Hopkin's families both remained in the church until after Mr. Linn left.

Cross examined—Q. What was Mr. Linn's reputation out of the church. A. There was a variety of opinions. I never heard anything against Mr. Linn, except from those who opposed him.

The testimony was read, corrected and approved by the witness.

Mr. McKaig requested that the commission appointed to take the testimony of Miss Davis, be authorized to take the testimony of Miss Carey. Some of the members declined to serve, when the following gentlemen were appointed: Revs. Mr. Collier, Carnahan and Wotering, and Elders Henry Esplen and R. A. Clark.

Dr. Scovel moved that when the Court adjourned it be to meet at 9:30 A. M. tomorrow morning.

The motion was amended to meet at 7 o'clock.

The question recurred on the first motion, which was adopted.

A member moved that the committee appointed to take testimony be authorized to take all the testimony possible between this time and the meeting of the Court, so as to expedite business.

The Presbytery adjourned to meet at half past nine, A. M.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

Mayor's Office Business.—Only two dogs were poisoned yesterday.

Pittsburgh is crowed with street walkers of the basest sort.

No Important arrest has been made by our police for a good while, but a good many dogs have been poisoned.

The Survey Committee of City Councils will meet this morning at Lawrenceville for a tour of street surveying.

Proposals.—Read the advertisement for sealed proposals for the erection of a brick school house in the borough of Millvale.

Abandonment.—James Quinn made information before Justice Heisel, yesterday, charging Con. Callahan, his son-in-law with abandoning and refusing to support his wife. A warrant was issued;

Disorderly Conduct.—Isabella Wagner was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct, made before Justie Heisel, of East Birmingham, by Francisco Bittenger, who alleges that the accused used abusive language towards her on the streets. She was held for a hearing.

Creditable Exhibit.—Elsewhere we publish the statement of the condition of the Peoples Savings Bank, published in accordance with a charter provision. The affairs of this responsible and well conducted institution are in most healthy condition, as will be observed by the reader.

Business Change—The long established business firm of Park, McCurdy & Co., manufacturers of copper, has been dissolved, Mr. John McCurdy withdrawing. The business hereafter will be conducted by Messrs. D. E. Park and James Park, Jr., the remaining partners, under the firm name of Park & Co.

No Meeting.—The meeting of the Fire Engine and Hose Committee, called for last evening, was not held, in consequence of there not being a quorum of members present. This is the third attempt of the Committee to hold a meeting with the same success. Another meeting is called for Monday night.

Severely Burned.—A Mrs. Evans, residing on Forty-first street, near the Ferry House, in the Seventeenth ward, was seriously burned yesterday afternoon. She was in the act of kindling a fire, upon which she poured some carbon oil, when the oil ignited and the vessel containing it exploded, setting her clothes on fire.

Surety of the Peace.—Francisco Bittenger made information before Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham, yesterday, against Fromy Wagner, for surety of peace. She alleges that Fromy came to her house and attemoted to drive her out of it, threatening to kill her if she did not leave. Fromy was arrested and held for a hearing.

This Being the Last Day, on which five per cent. discount will be allowed on City and School Taxes, City Treasurer Cochran will keep his office open until nine o'clock P. M.

Those having taxes to pay who are unable to call during the day, should avail themselves of this opportunity to do so after their day's work is done.

No Vacation.—The First Methodist Church, Fifth avenue, (above GAZETTE office,) will be open every Sabbath morning and evening during the summer. The Sabbath evening lectures of the pastor, Rev. Alex. Clark, are very largely attended. The special topic for to-morrow evening is "Imageless Humanity." The seats are free in this church.

False Rumor.—The many friends of Rev. Father Devlin, of St. Pauls Cathedral, will be pleased to learn of his arrival home yesterday safe, sound and hearty, despite the terrible accident through which last evening's *Mail* passed him in Buffalo, breaking his arm and leaving him in a dangerous condition. There was not a word of truth in the item.

Reduction in Funeral Cost.—Mr. W. H. Devore, the well known undertaker, No. 104 Grant street, announces that he is prepared to supply carriages for city funerals at two dollars each. He has also made a reduction in all styles of coffins. Mr. Devore has long held high plade among our leading undertakers and so conducts his business as to render universal satisfaction.

In Trouble.—Officer Richard Moon yesterday arrested a man on Sixth street who was acting in a disorderly manner, and was conducting him to the watch house when Frank Cameron interfered and rescued the prisoner. Frank was then taken in charge and conducted to the lock-up, where he remained last night and will probably pay twenty-five dollars and costs for his interfering this morning.

City Funerals.—Mr. Alexander Aiken, undertaker, No. 166 Fourth avenue, has made arrangements whereby he can henceforward supply carriages for city funerals at two dollars each, and but little additional will be charged for outside districts. Mr. Aiken has a large and complete stock of fine coffins and general funeral furnishing goods, which he has also reduced in price. We commend this establishment to the patronage of our readers.

Alleged Forgery.—Samuel M'Clain, Jr. banker, made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging James M. Hays with forgery. It is alleged that the accused presented a note at ninety days for three hundred dollars, drawn in favor of James Mitchell, and purperting to be endorsed by Mr. Mitchell and John Dilworth, on the banking house of S. M'Clain & Co., on the 19th inst. The note was cashed and when presented for collection it was ascertained to be a forgery. Hays was arrested and locked up for a hearing.

Reliable Undertakers.

Messrs. William J. Dick and Neal Geoghegan, under the firm name of W. J. Dick & Co., have rapidly attained high place in the estimation of the general community, as careful, painstaking and efficient undertakers. They are young men of excellent business qualifications and character, and thoroughly understand their duties in all departments of their needful profession. They keep constantly on hand a large assortment of coffins of all sizes, qualities and descriptions, which they sell at the most reasonable prices. The details of funerals are promptly and judiciously attended, while the very best of carriages and hearses are regularly furnished at the lowest possible prices. We commend this firm to our readers and bespeak for them that large share of patronage they so well merit.

A Model and Well Conducted Drug House.

Few retail drug houses west of the mountains are better conducted than the large and flourishing one of Messrs. James E. Burns & Co., North-eastern corner of Sixth (late St. Clair) and Penn streets. The young and enterprising proprietors have succeeded in building up a large trade, and through the prudent management and fair and liberal dealing which characterizes them, bid fair to greatly increase it with each returning season. They keep nothing but the very best and purest of drugs, being especially particular that no adulterated article enters into any prescription compounded in their pharmaceutical department, which is presided over by Mr. Burns himself, who is one of our very best and most expert pharmacologists. The toilet department contains everything the most fastidious could wish for the chamber room, both domestic and foreign preparations. All the famous and standard perfumeries, colognes, etc., will be found in the appropriate departments at prices very reasonable. The purest of imported wines and liquors are constantly kept on hand for medical purposes. The store is supplied with one of the most elaborate and beautiful marble and silver soda water founts in the city, from which is supplied pure, crystal, ice cold and refreshing draughts for the thirsty. On the whole the drug house of Messrs. Burns & Co. is a credit to that portion of the city containing it, and we bespeak for its popular proprietors a large share of public patronage.

Printing and Binding Establishment.

We desire to call the attention of parties interested to the advertisement of the Great Western Printing and Binding Establishment of W. S. Haven & Co., corner of Wood street and Third avenue, which we publish in another column. This establishment is one of the foremost, if not in advance, of all others west of the mountains, and they turn out work equal and in every respect superior to any of the great eastern printing establishments, and upon the most reasonable terms. In the manufacture of blank books, railroad tickets, time tables, bill heads, etc. W. S. Haven & Co. have no superiors. They make it a point to use the very best material and the work is done in the most artistic and skillful manner. Business men and others desiring bill heads, business cards, letter heads, and in fact business printing of any description, will find that this establishment have unequaled facilities for doing the work, and that they will do it upon the most reasonable terms. Orders addressed to W. S. Haven & Co., corner of Wood street and Third avenue, will receive prompt attention.

For Country Merchants.

Wholesale buyers and country merchants will find the stock of general dry goods in the jobbing department of William Semple's extensive and well managed house, No. 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny, very large and judiciously assorted. The lines of domestic and woolen goods are especially attractive, and are marked at prices as low, and in many instances lower, than can be obtained in the eastern markets. There can be no economy in dealers buying their goods abroad, paying equally as large and larger prices therefor, the cost of traveling thither and freight, when such selection, variety and advantages are offered at Mr. Semple's wholesale rooms here at home. The retail patrons will likewise find the very best selection in the new goods constantly arriving and all at the lowest possible prices.

Irrepsessible.

Edward Tague appears to be one of the irrepressibles. Yesterday morning he attended the Mayor's levee, at an expense of $10 and costs, for having on the night previous struck an old lady seventy years of age and kicked a blind woman out of a house on Webster avenue. Last evening Mrs. Campbell made information against him before the Mayor, alleging that he, in company with several other roughs, came into her house and acted in a disorderly manner. Tague, she alleges, threw a bucket of hot water upon her and her child, and that in the excitement two five dollar bills were taken out of her hand by some one in the party. Tague was arrested and locked up for a hearing this morning. The Mayor will probably consider the fifty dollar ordinance in his case.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, is *no Patent Medicine humbug* gotten up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, nor is it represented as being "composed of rare and precious substances, brought from the four corners of the earth, carried seven times across the Great Desert of Saharah on the backs of fourteen camels, and brougth across the Atlantic ocean on two ships." It is a *simple, mild, soothing, pleasant* Remedy, *a pefect Specific* for Chronic Nasal Catarrh, "Cold in the head," and kindred diseases. The proprietor, R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., offers a reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh he cannot cure. Sent by mail, postpaid, for sixty cents. Address the proprietor as above.

Fine Residence for Sale.—Mr. J. S. Bell, of the firm of Bates & Bell, dry goods merchants, No. 21 Fifth avenue, offers for sale the fine residence he now occupies on Beech street, Second ward, Allegheny. It contains eleven rooms with attic, wash house with stationary tubs, coach house and stable, and is surrounded by yard and garden. The interior of the house is finished in a magnificent manner and is in the very best order. The house is supplied with all the modern conveniences for a first-class dwelling. It is offered at a very reasonable price. For particulars apply on the premises or at Bates & Bell's. See the advertisement offering it for sale in another column.

To All Whom It May Concern.—Know all persons by this notice that the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register* contains descriptions of over one million dollars, worth of property for sale, consisting of Farms, Mills, Stores, Houses, Lots, City and Suburban Residences, in such a vast selection that the most fastidious cannot fail to get suited in a home. It is given away gratis by the publishers, Messrs. Croft & Phillips, No. 139 Fourth avenue, or will be sent by mail free to any one requesting it. Persons seeking homes will save time, trouble and money by getting it.

Fast Living.—In this age of luxurious living, late suppers and rich food produce painful eruptions upon the skin by overheating it, especially during hot weather. You can prevent this and keep it cool, soft and white, by using Milk of Violets. The effect of its use is truly wonderful. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Tents for Camp Meetings.—Hunting and Fishing parties; "A," "Wall" and "Hospital" tents, good as new, at J. H. Johnston's, 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 22:2w

The Life Insurance Question—Some Facts in the Case.

The Eastern companies require you to pay in advance of any necessity. They take your money away and entrust it to strangers of whom you know nothing.

The Co-operative does not require payment until the money is needed to pay the heirs of your co-operators—it keeps the surplus at home and makes actual loans to its policy holders.

Eastern companies make you contract to pay two or three times the admitted value of your insurance, and give you the *word of the agent* that your "dividends" will make it all right.

The "Co-operative" charges only the actual cost of insurance and *contracts* in the policy to give the *entire surplus* to policy holders.

A young mutual is necessarily weak and an excessive mortality will destroy it.

The "Co operative" is as strong in the beginning as a mutual with millions of surplus.

To live through an epidemic, all other companies *must suspend business and dividends*. The "Co-operative can keep on the even tenor of its way, and its policies will command a premium.

All this and more will be made plain to any one at the office of the Co-operative Life Insurance Company, 128 Smithfield street. Call and see.

New Books

At John W. Pittock's, opposite the Post office.

Villa Eden, or Country House on the Rhine. By Auerbach. $2.00.

Life of Audubon. By his widow. $2.50.

Thackery's Novels, Household Edition.

I. Vanity Fair.
II. Virginians.
III. Newcomes.
IV. Pendennis.
V. Philip.
VI. Esmond and Lovell. Each $1.25.

Little Women. By Miss Alcott.
Jo, Meg, Beth and Amy.
In two parts. Each sold separate. $1.50.
Mopsa, the Fairy. By Jean Ingelow. $1.25.
Credo. A supernatural book. $1.50.

It is said that the proprietors of the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS rent no less than nine pews from the different denominations in New York city for all those of their employes who will occupy them regularly, free of charge. This is certainly praiseworthy, and it is to be hoped that others who employ a large number of people will follow the example. The above fact, accompanied with the belief that a firm who would look so closely after the morals and welfare of their employes, would not undertake to impose upon the public, has induced us to give the PLANTATION BITTERS a trial, and having found them all they were represented, we cordially recommend them as a tonic of rare merit.—*Observer, July 1st.*

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

The best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co's Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The Iron restores color to the blood, the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. S

Notice.—Persons indebted to the concern of J. W. Barker & Co., are requested to make immediate payment. Also, parties having claims against the said firm will please render them previous to the 1st day of August.

J. W. BARKER, JR.,
Administrator.

Opportunity to Make Money.—Twenty men or ladies wanted, of good address, to canvass for the most popular Sewing Machine now in use. Apply after three o'clock, at office of Howe Sewing Machine, No. 4 Sixth street, late St. Clair. S:T:TH:S

Attentive Waiters, neat tables, the latest delicacies of the season, at the "Continential," Fifth avenue, below the Post-office.

The celebrated Keystone Queensware, from the Keystone Pottery, Messrs. S. M. Kier & Co. proprietors, at No. 363 Liberty street.

Lace goods, trimmings, and fancy dress goods at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street.

We have been advertising the Alisma for the hair for some time, and our Druggists say that it is selling remarkably well, and what is better, gives universal satisfaction—better far than any other Hair Renewer in use.

Meals at all hours, day and evening, at the Continental, Fifth avenue. The tables are supplied with the best the markets afford.

Merchants, Lawyers, Physicians, Ministers, Clerks and the community generally are the patrons of the Continental, Fifth avenue, below the Post Office.

Fruit Jars of all kinds at the Keystone Pottery Warehouse, Messrs. S. M. Kier & Co. proprietors, No. 363 Liberty street.

New goods, new styles, latest fashions and popular prices at Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

Business men find the American House, Boston, their most convenient stopping-place. Newly furnished, with passenger elevator, cafe, billiard halls, forty rooms *en suite*, etc., this hotel maintains its high rank.

The Continental, Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice, is the most convenient restaurant for business men in the city.

"The Keystone," the most popular Queensware in the market, at 363 Liberty street.

Ladies will find a complete assortment of fine goods, trimmings, &c., at Moorhead's, 81 Market street.

Holtzheimer's "Continental," Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice. The popular restaurant of the city.

"No Shenanighan," Mr. Fred Ramig, No. 52 Smithfield street, has all this day and evening, Turtle Soup for lunch.

Linen Goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

For a Good, well cooked, substantial meal, call at the "Continential," Fifth avenue, below the Post Office.

Ladies patronize the Continental.

Bates & Bell are selling Silk Mantles, Lace Mantles and Linen Goods cheap.

Eighty Thousand Dollars' Worth Unsold.

As more than eighty thousand dollars' worth of stock remain still unsold, J. W. Barker, Jr., Administrator, has been authorized to continue the *great closing out sale* at the warerooms of J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market street, for ten days longer, before rendering his account. In order to induce purchasers, goods will be reduced still lower. Many articles will be offered at *twenty-five per cent.* less than they can be purchased in the eastern markets at the present time. The stock, which MUST be sold, embraces desirable Fall and Winter goods, such as merinoes, wool long shawls, blankets, dark and medium dress goods, cloths, cassimeres, &c., &c. Wholesale and retail buyers should by all means embrace this opportunity of replenishing their stock, as the prices are decidedly low and the goods *must* be closed out.

Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods, Marseilles, cheap, at Bates & Bell's, to close the stock.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

MARRIED.

CULLEN—KIRKER—On Thursday, July 29, 1869, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. John Gillespie, Mr. P. J. CULLEN and Miss MAGGIE E. KIRKER, all of East Liberty, Penna.

MOORE—MOORE—At the St. Charles Hotel, on Thursday evening, July 29th, by Rev. J. A. Gray, Miss MARY V. MOORE and Mr. T. J. MOORE, both of Barnsville, Ohio.

DIED:

MEGRAW—On Friday morning, July 30th, at 1½ o'clock, JOSEPH infant son of Thomas and Harriet Megraw, aged 8 months and 15 days.

Funeral from the residence of parents, No. 85 Frazier alley, near Bidwell street, THIS MORNING, July 31st, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

BECKETT—On Thursday, July 29, 1869, DAVID BECKETT, aged 62 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, corner of Magee and Locust streets, Sixth ward, SUNDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

PAISLEY—On Friday morning, July 30th, at half-past three o'clock, JOHN PAISLEY, aged 17 years.

Funeral from the residence of his uncle, Hugh PAISLEY, 229 Juniata street, Allegheny City, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PAGE—At Oak Lawn, Thursday, the 29th inst, at 1 o'clock A. M., DAISY, infant daughter of John H. and Fanny L. Page.

Funeral from the residence of her grandfather, John H. Page, Sr., East Birmingham, TO-DAY, at half-past two o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's, corner Smithfield street and Seventh avenue, at a quarter before two o'clock.

HAMILTON—On Friday, July 30, 1869, ANNIE CRUMLEY, daughter of William and Mary Hamilton, aged 5 years and five months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 17 Lincoln Avenue, SABBATH AFTERNOON, August 1st, at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

KENNDDY—MARY ANN KENNEDY, wife of James Kennedy, in the 56th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, 118 Centre Avenue on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, August 1st, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

SPECTACLES

WEAK EYES!

Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can gurantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 56 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy24

DIETETICS.

DIETETIC PREPARATIONS.

Robinson's Pat. Barley,
Hard's Farinaceous Food,
Hubbell's Prep. Wheat,
Liebig's Chem. Food.
Cox's Spark. Gelatin,
Blair's Liquid Rennet,
Corn Starch, Sago, Tapioca, &c.,

FOR SALE BY

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Cor. SMITHFIELD AND th AVENUE.
jy22

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his riends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET